



For the Proprietor of  
HONGKONG TELEGRAPH,  
Printed and Published by  
SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, LTD.

# The Hongkong Telegraph

Today's Weather: Light easterly winds. Fair.  
Noon Observations: Barometric pressure, 1012.4 mbs, 29.00  
in. Temperature, 83.5 deg. F. Dew point, 70 deg. F. Relative  
humidity, 81%. Wind direction, E by S. Wind force, 1 knot.  
Low water: 2 ft. at 12.00 p.m. High water: 7 ft. at  
3.05 a.m. (Friday).

Dine  
At Liu

P. G.

For  
Reservations

Tel: 27880

VOL. IV NO. 230

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1949.

Price 20 Cents

## Russia's Atom City Blown Up

Amsterdam, Sept. 28.—The Catholic afternoon newspaper, De Tijd, said today that Russia's "atom city" exploded "with tremendous force in the spring of this year, killing all Russian and non-Russian scientists."

The newspaper gave an "extraordinary correspondent" as its source. It said: "It would be premature yet to reveal in what way this explosion occurred and how it was caused. The result, however, was that humanity was freed from one of the gravest dangers which ever threatened it."

United Press.

## Hand-to-hand Fighting In South China

Canton, Sept. 28.—Chinese dispatches reported today that fighting in Kwangsi and Kwangtung provinces reached a hand to hand stage in some areas.

Two divisions of Kwangsi troops under General Hsia Wei are reported to have arrived in Kulkong from Hengyang to bolster the defence of North Kwangtung. The reports said that General Pui Chung-hsi agreed, during a recent military conference, to defend the Yingtak-Nansung line, while General Yu Han-mou's troops would be responsible for the defence of the rest of Kwangtung.

United Press.

## SINKING DEFECTS

San Francisco, Sept. 28.—The Chinese Communist Peiping Radio announced today that Sinkiang Province defected from the Nationalists and will join the Reds. The loss of this "last province" was a "blow" to the Nationalist Government and a "victory" for the Chinese Communist Government. The radio said that the Sinkiang Provincial Government had broken off relations with the Nationalist Government and "accepted the peace terms of Chairman Mao Tse-tung and was awaiting reorganization."

Sinkiang (Chinese Turkestan) borders Soviet Russia, Outer Mongolia, India and Afghanistan, Szechuan and Ninghsia provinces also defected within the past fortnight.—United Press.

## VYSHINSKY AIMS SHARP ATTACK AT KUOMINTANG

Lake Success, Sept. 28.—Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky accused Nationalist China today of trying to put up an alibi for its own military collapse by blaming Russia for Chinese Communist victories.

Mr Vyshinsky made a blistering attack on Dr T. F. Tsiang, chief Chinese U.N. delegate. Throughout, he referred to Dr Tsiang as the representative of the Kuomintang rather than a delegate of the Chinese Government.

Mr Vyshinsky spoke before the 14-nation Steering Committee of the General Assembly immediately after Dr Tsiang appealed for urgent action.

The Committee voted 11-2 to send the Chinese complaint to the full Assembly tomorrow.—Associated Press.

## TSIANG'S CHARGE

Lake Success, Sept. 28.—China today accused the Soviet Union before the United Nations General Assembly's Steering Committee of not honouring "its obligation under the Sino-Soviet treaty of 1945."

Dr T. S. Tsiang, head of the Chinese delegation, told the Committee that the Soviet Union had violated two provisions of the treaty:

1. The territorial integrity of Manchuria.
2. The control of Dairen.

Under the Sino-Soviet treaty and the Yalta agreement China and the Soviet Union assumed certain definite obligations towards each other, Mr Tsiang said.

## SOME OBLIGATIONS

Some of the more important obligations were:

1. The two parties agreed to act according to the principles of mutual respect for their sovereignty and territorial integrity and non-interference in the internal affairs of the other contracting party.
2. The high contracting parties agreed to render to each other every possible economic assistance in the postwar period with a view to facilitating and accelerating reconstruction in both countries, thus contributing to world prosperity.

The principle of mutual assistance was elaborated in an exchange of notes which, among other things, provided that "the Government of the USSR agrees to give to China its moral support as well as aid and military supplies and other material supplies, such supplies and aid to be given entirely to the Central Government in China."

Dr Tsiang said that the notes also provided that in the course of the negotiations regarding Dairen and Port Arthur (Soviet

## KILLED ESCORT



Princess Margaret, dressed for inclement weather, is escorted by killed, umbrella-carrying Lord Ogilvy at the Perth (Scotland) race course for a hunt meet recently. Lord Ogilvy, aged 23, is the heir of the Earl of Airlie. (AP Picture)

## Arms Bill Goes To Pres. Truman For Signature

Washington, Sept. 28.—The Senate and the House of Representatives tonight both passed the \$1,314,000,000 Foreign Arms Aid Bill. It becomes law after being signed by the President, but the amounts specified for the North Atlantic Pact nations and six other countries have still to be approved by the Appropriations Committees.

The arms programme, re-named the Mutual Defence Assistance Act, specified that the North Atlantic Pact countries would receive \$500,000,000 in direct cash and another \$500,000,000 would be used in contract authority to pay for arms ordered.

Of the \$500,000,000, \$100,000,000 would be immediately available and the remaining \$400,000,000 would be given when the North Atlantic Pact countries' Defence Committee had drawn up integrated defence plans.

Representative Donald Jackson (Republican) opposed the programme, saying that it was futile, as the atomic explosions in Russia had decreased any will of the North Atlantic Pact countries to fight.

## TECHNICAL DETAILS

The House rejected a motion by Representative Lawrence (Republican) to send the military programme back to the joint conference for reconsideration.

The joint Senate-House conference on Monday approved the Senate version of the programme, authorizing the full amount, and dropped the House version which

## GREEK ISSUE SHELVED

Lake Success, Sept. 28.—Russia agreed with the West today that the United Nations should postpone its debate on Greece's war against Communist guerrillas at consultation in the troublesome Balkan question.

Observers interpreted the agreement on this proposal by the Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr Andrei Vyshinsky, as a qualified acceptance by Russia of Secretary of State Mr Dean Acheson's appeal made at the opening of the General Assembly last week to co-operate with the West in settling international problems, particularly in Greece.—United Press.

## LORDS REJECT GOVT. MOTION

## No Confidence In Devaluation Policy

## CHURCHILL'S WARNING

London, Sept. 28.—The British Government was defeated on devaluation policy in the predominantly Conservative House of Lords tonight by 93 votes to 24. The debate was on a Government motion asking, in effect, for a vote of confidence in its financial and economic policy.

This defeat does not affect the Government's position, as the House of Lords has no power over financial matters. These powers are reserved to the House of Commons.

But observers considered that it would further embitter the already tense atmosphere between the two Houses over the powers of the House of Lords.

The Lords recently threw out the Government's bill to nationalise the steel industry, completely and like a squirrel its plans for making it law.

The Government's motion asked the Lords, among other things, to approve its devaluation policy and the agreement reached in the sterling-dollar talks in Washington.—Reuter.

## BLOOD DONORS

London, Sept. 28.—Mr Winston Churchill, leader of the Opposition, contended in the House of Commons today that Britain's war expenses in defending India, Egypt and other countries should be set against their sterling balances.

"We are not in a state of health to become blood donors on a large scale at the present time," he said.

"We are already blood donors on a tremendous scale through our unrequited exports to India, Egypt and other countries to whom we became indebted for local supplies while we were defending them from being attacked by Italians, Germans or Japanese."

Mr Churchill was moving an Opposition amendment to the Government's motion asking, in effect, for a vote of confidence in its devaluation and economic policy.

Mr Churchill added, "The Manchester Guardian has estimated these unrequited exports at nearly one-fifth of our total exports. This is a lot."

## NOTHING BACK

"Many hundreds and thousands of our skilled or semi-skilled wage earners are toiling today to make desirable things for these countries, which are paid for simply by someone extracting something with his pen from what is described by the misleading term 'sterling balances' which really means British debts."

"Nothing comes back or returns to nourish the productive energies of this island. Trade is an exchange, but here is neither trade nor exchange. Intense effort goes out and nothing comes back."

Mr Harold Wilson, President of the Board of Trade, made no reference to this subject when he spoke for the Government.

Nor did Mr Wilson answer a question on sterling balances put by Mr Oliver Stanley, (Conservative), who wanted some elaboration of a "rather obscure passage in the Washington agreement which deals with sterling balances."

## DETAILS WANTED

It was suggested that Mr Stanley said that some new machinery was to be set up to make it more easy for the Government to handle this problem.

The Opposition, he said, would like to know in more detail exactly what the machinery was and how it was expected to be to Britain's advantage.

Earlier, the Commons had heard Mr Churchill say the Government was "using up every national asset or reserve on which they could lay their hands."

In a vigorous speech which first amused and then ruffled Government supporters, Mr

Churchill called the timing of devaluation "the Chancellor's blunder," and said that it should have been done if it proved necessary, before the nation's remaining gold reserves had drained away.

## SQUIRREL IN CAGE

On Sir Stafford Cripps's change of view on devaluation, Mr Churchill said "Ordinary people find it difficult to understand how a Minister with all his knowledge and reputation for integrity should have felt it right to turn completely round like a squirrel in its cage and abandon his former convictions."

There were Labour shouts of "No" as Mr Churchill added: "He stands woefully weakened in reputation."

Recalling Sir Stafford's nine decades of devaluation, Mr Churchill said: "It will be impossible in future for anyone to believe in statements he may make as Chancellor."

Mr Churchill declared that the whole policy of nationalisation was being proved every day to be a ghastly failure and "a further drain on our life's blood."

Yet the Government still intended to nationalise steel, cement and sugar.

## WARNS COUNTRY

The "fallacy of Socialism," Mr Churchill said, was in principle contrary to human nature and could only be enforced upon nations in its entirety in the wholesale fashion of Communism.

In Britain today only an appeal to the people and a new Parliament could relieve the increasing tension.

Mr Churchill ended his 70-minute speech thus:

"It is my duty to warn the country in good time of the dangers, but I thank God that in my old age I preserve an invincible faith that we shall overcome them."

Speaking for the Government, Mr Wilson said that he was perfectly certain that Britain, with devaluation, could, within a short period, treble the rate of export of consumer goods to the United States.

She could also increase tenfold her exports of capital goods to Canada.

Mr Wilson dismissed the fears of a Conservative Member of Parliament, Mr Cyril Osborne, that American trade unions and employers would demand higher tariffs if British exports to the United States were increased.

The trebling of British exports to the United States, which were now less than one-thousandth of the American product, should not have that effect, he said.

The debate continues.—Reuter.

## Petrol Again On Ration In Australia

Melbourne, Sept. 28.—Petrol rationing is to be re-introduced in Australia. Premiers and Ministers representing the six States agreed at a conference here today.

Petrol has been unrationed since June 6, when the Australian High Court ruled that the Commonwealth Government's rationing regulations were invalid.

The Commonwealth Prime Minister, Mr Joseph Chifley, later told the State Premiers that the Government could not increase petrol imports because of the dollar shortage, and asked them to consider means of re-introducing rationing by States.—Reuter.

## EDITORIAL

## Austrian Stalemate

WHEN the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers returned home after their conference in Paris last June, they evidently had good ground to believe that an accord in principle had at last been reached on the major points of the Austrian peace treaty, and that the only thing left to their deputies was the working out of the details. But the efforts of the deputies since have resulted again in deadlock. They have now held more than two hundred meetings to discuss the Austrian question—there have been something like sixty meetings since June—and the suggestion has been advanced that the matter should once more be taken up by the Foreign Ministers themselves since they are all conveniently present in New York for the General Assembly of the United Nations. In exchange for additional reparations to the tune of US\$50,000,000, Mr Vyshinsky was ready in June to give up the claim to Austrian Carinthia, on which the controversy between Belgrade and Moscow hinges—superficially at least—and thus make possible a settlement over Austria. But he does not appear to be so accommodating now, and one explanation of it is the heightened tension between the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia. The failure of the war of nerves to bring Marshal Tito to heel has evidently come as a surprise to Stalin and company.

Even to get the Western occupation forces out of Austria, they are no longer prepared to sign a treaty which would deprive them of an excuse to keep Soviet troops in Rumania and Hungary to "guard" the Austrian supply lines. Russian obstructiveness and intransigence at the meetings of the Foreign Ministers' deputies seem to suggest that they are seeking another meeting of the "Big Four" themselves. What the reason may be is not at this moment quite clear—it may be that there is some desire on the Russians' part to reopen high-level talks on Germany. Britain and America are obviously eager to end the Austrian stalemate, but it is doubtful whether they would welcome at this stage a resumption of long and futile discussions on a German settlement. However, it is highly doubtful if any settlement can be reached with the Russians except at the top level. The Foreign Ministers' Council yields results so meagre and uncertain that they wear down the most patient negotiators, yet experience has proved that nothing can be accomplished by talks on a lower level. If they hold another meeting, the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers may get no further than their deputies, but it is perfectly obvious that an Austrian treaty will never be drafted unless they do it themselves.

## COAL CONVOY FIRED ON BY PICKETS

Pittsburgh, Sept. 28.—The Western Pennsylvania sheriff appealed today to the Governor for state police reinforcements to prevent bloodshed in the soft coal fields after a band of pickets had fired on a police-escorted convoy of coal trucks.

The appeal for reinforcements was made by the Centre County sheriff, Martin Kauffman, as non-union miners worked with rifles, shot-guns and pistols by their sides.

State police already on the scene expressed the fear that a new outbreak of shooting might be touched off by some incident.

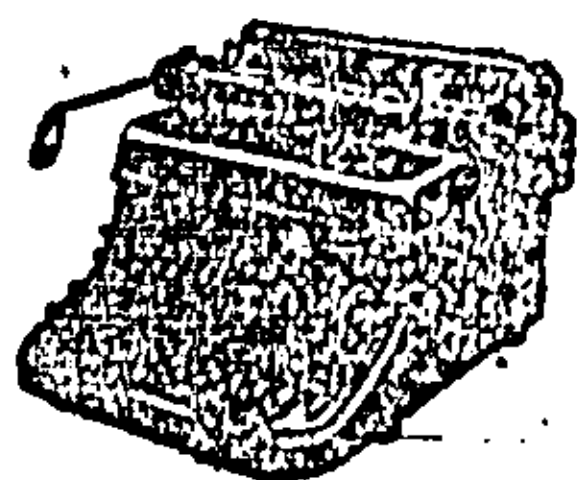
The CIO president, Philip Murray, today blasted hopes of a steel settlement by criticising the effort of the United States Steel Corporation to establish a "contributory" pension plan. Mr Murray said big steel's insistence that employees pay for part of their pensions had deadlocked wage negotiations and that, unless the industry agreed to finance pensions, the union's 800,000 basic steel workers would walk out on Saturday.—United Press.

Drink  
**Watson's**  
Cordial  
Refreshment

Line Juice Cordial... \$ 2.00  
Orange Squash... \$ 2.25  
Lemon Squash... \$ 2.25  
Grapefruit Squash... \$ 2.25  
Lemon, Barley, Water \$ 2.25  
Grenadine Fruit Syrup \$ 2.25



## REMINGTON TYPEWRITERS.



**DAVIE, BOAG & CO., LTD.**  
SHOWROOM  
ALEXANDRA BLDG.  
TEL. 31141.

"I enjoy them  
best of all!"

"Everything's been  
perfect today! Even  
the cigarettes have  
been an adventure  
in luxury."

"Oh, I knew  
you'd like du  
Maurier; they are  
made for just such  
particular people  
as you."

"You know, I've never tasted any  
cigarette so cool and smooth."

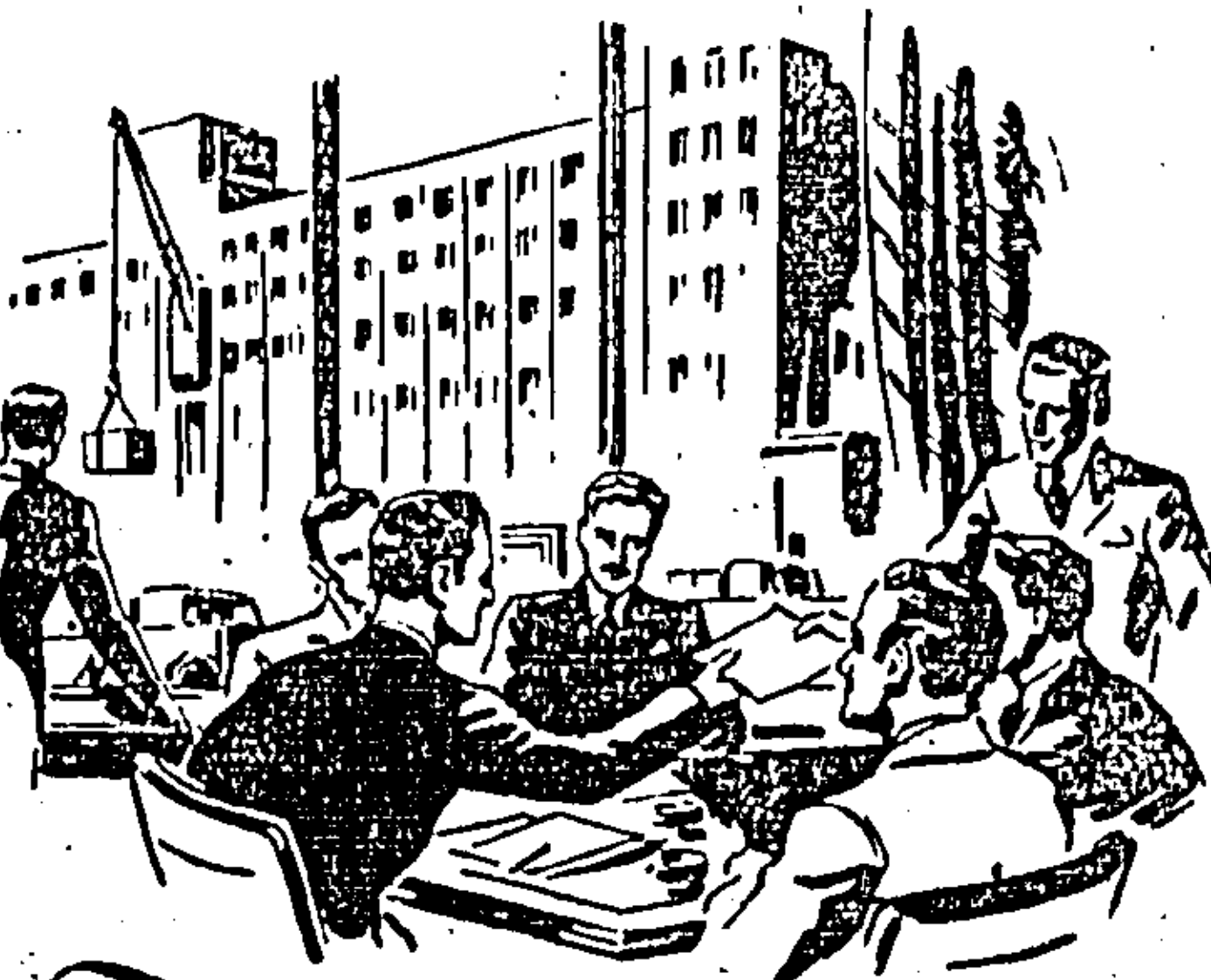
"Yes, but it's the rich  
satisfying flavour of  
really choice Virginia  
that appeals to me."

"...cool, smooth  
companionship for your  
journey. By the way, the  
du Maurier filter tip is considered  
the greatest discovery  
in smoking enjoyment  
made in the  
past fifty years."

There'll never be a better cigarette

**du MAURIER**

THE EXCLUSIVE FILTER TIP CIGARETTE  
\$2.25 for 50  
MADE IN ENGLAND  
SOLE DISTRIBUTOR: TADAQUERIA FILIPINA



The way to success is...

... using — and building up — abundant energy. Successful people  
renew their vigour in recuperative sleep every night, relaxing on the  
luxurious comfort of Slumberland.

Even in the hottest night, air vents circulate fresh air within the  
mattress and keep you delightfully cool. At your stores feel how gently  
yet firmly the cushioning and springs respond to your touch. Choose  
your favourite colour scheme from the range of sizes in long-life damask  
coverings. Slumberland is British made — for those who want the best.

**Slumberland**  
THE MATTRESS FOR SUCCESSFUL PEOPLE



Agent: S. H. LANGSTON & CO. LTD., Queen's Building,  
111a House Street, Hong Kong

HOW'S your  
look? Can you  
peer through a  
plume or pro-  
ject in profile?  
If so, you'll  
make a hit in the new hats.  
Featured, felted, and furred,  
most of the latest styles from  
Paris and London look best  
from the side. They are car-  
side trimmed, sideways tilted,  
checkwards swept.

But vanished are the fetching  
face-framers, the kindly roll  
brims, the easy-to-wear beanie.  
Instead, the hat-conscious crowd  
must face autumn under a  
devil's-horn brim, a pair of  
mercury horns, or a blind-eye  
toque.

## Women Now Prefer The He-man Loved

By PATRICIA CLARY

HOLLYWOOD.  
THE naive European screen  
lover in passe today.  
American women are going for  
the rough-and-ready, he-man  
actor.

Actor Clifton Young, who  
makes western pictures, says the  
American girl prefers natural,  
rugged, two-fisted heroes like  
Humphrey Bogart, Robert Mit-  
chum, Kirk Douglas and Burt  
Lancaster.

And movie studio executives,  
he adds, have wasted millions  
of dollars trying to sell them the  
super-romantic Europeans.

"The European screen hero  
makes a profession of love and  
romance, and in real life as well  
as on the screen," Young said.  
"They are insecure, conceited  
and synthetic. They think of  
women as inferior beings to be  
used to serve their whims."

"The American girl wants to  
be treated with kindness, gen-  
leness and respect, but she also  
wants to be treated with  
honesty."

### Americans Preferred

Young, whose career dates  
back to the Hal Roach "Our  
Gang" comedies, drew his con-  
clusion from a survey of ladies of  
his acquaintance. Eighty per-  
cent of them, he said, prefer  
American stars and 15 percent  
not only prefer Americans but  
can't stand Europeans. Five  
percent don't care as long as the  
picture is good.

He pointed out that recent  
pictures with he-man characters  
like Lancaster, Douglas and  
Mitchum have been big office  
hits. But some expensive pro-  
ductions with continental lovers  
have flopped.

"The kind of men Americans  
want to see on the screen," he  
concluded, "are the kind they  
seek in everyday life for friends  
and husbands."

Young, who's not the romanti-  
cist himself, is playing the  
second male lead in a Roy  
Rogers western, "Bells of  
Coronado," about uranium mine  
thefts.

His other recent roles have  
been as a blackmailer, smuggler,  
narcotic ring leader and chief of  
a billy sales racket.

"I don't consider myself the  
typical American hero," he  
said.

## New Treatment Of The Shoulder-Line

Paris.  
THERE is a new treatment of  
shoulder-line in a Paris Couture  
house. The use of bias  
bands allows a soft sloping out-  
standing shoulder without  
padding. The silhouette here  
has modified barrel lines at the  
back of bloused bodices, above  
the hips and around the knees.

Long jackets are diverse in  
style. A circular navy jacket  
with bat-like sleeves and in-  
verted pleats at back, lined with  
wildcat, is worn with a straight  
skirt. Other "sack shorties" are  
long enough to sit on and tighten  
around the hips.

### Handkerchief Dip

Fine black wool jersey is much  
in evidence, often combined with  
other fabrics. One of several  
wool jersey dresses with fine  
gather drapes at front has a  
fallie bertha collar. A travel-  
proof black wool jersey dinner  
dress has an open triangle do-  
collette at back and bateau in-  
front; there is also back interest  
on the skirt, ending in a pointed  
train. This model is worn  
under a full skirt and gold-  
sequined black net stole.

Saltus and saffron brocade are  
also important for suits and  
afternoon dresses with hip in-  
terest. Cocktail dresses often  
have handkerchief point drapes  
over sheaths of the same or con-  
trasting fabric.

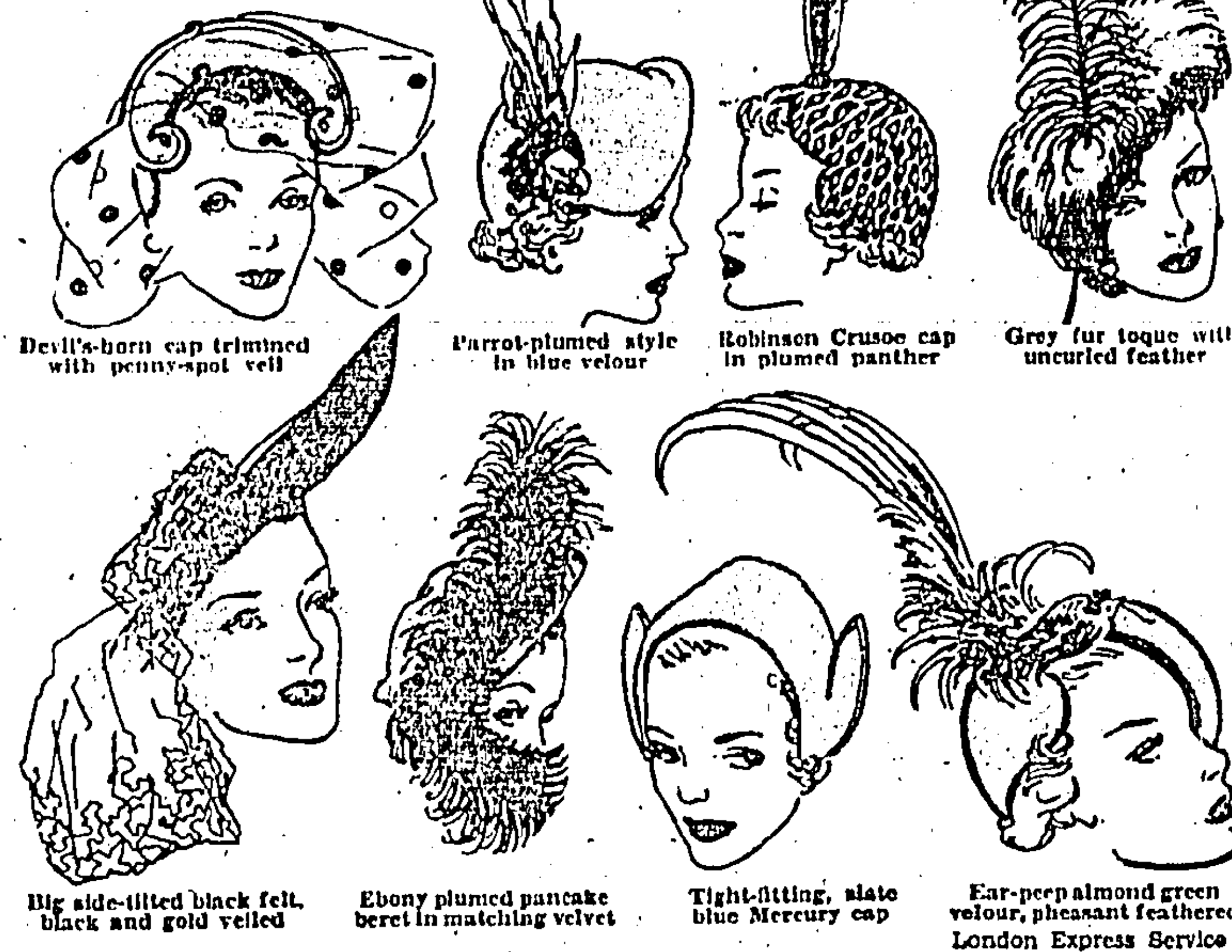
# WOMANSENSE

Robb's London

...with a bit of  
Paris thrown in

Top row—from Paris

Lower row—from London



Devil's-horn cap trimmed  
with peacock-spot veil

Parrot-plumed style  
in blue velvet

Robinson Crusoe cap  
in plumed panther

Grey fur toque with  
uncured feather

Big side-tilted black felt,  
black and gold veils

Ebony plumed panache  
beret in matching velvet

Tight-fitting, slate  
blue Mercury cap

Ear-peep almond green  
velour, pheasant feather  
London Express Service

## Paris Designer Uses The Angle-&Plane Theme

PARIS.  
JEANNE Lafaurie does new  
things with the overworked  
angle and asymmetric themes,  
making many of her clothes as  
much a composition of flat  
planes and sharp angles as any  
painter's abstract picture. Slen-  
der coats and dresses have a  
jutting pocket on the hip  
balanced by a projecting point  
of the closing on the opposite  
side of the skirt. In softer  
mood narrow skirts are given  
ease of movement by a big fold  
in a flat triangular drape caught  
at the waist.

### Draped Sleeves

The Lafaurie silhouette tends  
to put width at the top by big  
loose sleeves draped in vari-  
ous ways, some folded back  
one, others others in soft  
loops. This is done in modi-  
fied form on coats and is a  
big feature on dresses from  
daytime to dinner. There is  
no padding, and sleeves are  
mostly unmounted, as the ef-  
fect is angular in soft fabrics  
and like satin, but stiff in silk  
crepes, which are strongly  
sponsored in afternoon and  
dinner dresses. The large

flat pointed draperies on  
skirts also become gracefully  
soft rather than angular when  
done in crepe.

The waistline remains nor-  
mal, but the straight cut of  
the basic garment gives  
bodice suppleness. A couple  
of suit jackets are bloused at  
back. Lengths are 14 to 15  
inches from the ground.

### Uneven Hemlines

Short evening gowns have  
uneven hemlines. A big  
place is given formal floor  
length evening gowns which  
are often trained. Some are  
slender, others are wide-skirted.  
Decolletes are high at front,  
low at back.

Fabrics include rich change-  
able taffetas and handsome  
brooches, in addition to satin.  
Net is highlighted and beau-  
tifully used, widely sprinkled  
with single brilliant like  
dewdrops, festooned and  
richness of the evening group  
is climaxed by "Lune de  
Miel" of golden changeable

taffeta in a finely draped  
sheath suddenly billowing  
below the knees into big  
handpuckered bunches of  
taffeta in ten different irides-  
cent tones.

### Individual Embroideries

Embroideries are individ-  
ual, in the bending on a fur  
stole or peplum of a black  
silk, showing the outline of a  
design inspired by Picasso  
pottery; or the white evening  
gown with big modernist angles  
scattered around it in gold  
paillettes.

Accessories include big  
net fans; also an umbrella of  
opium pipes.

Blues get a big play at  
Lafaurie, especially midnight  
or dark grayed tone. Other  
colours include warm suntan  
beige, and bright red, in ad-  
dition to much black.

## Sheer Wool



By ALICE ALDEN

SHEER, tissue-light woolen is  
an excellent choice for the  
traveller or for a busy day in  
town when the thermometer  
refrains from playing tricks.  
This dress is smartly neat. A  
Samuel Kane design, it has  
pocket flaps at the hip and  
is flanged from below the pec-  
kets to the hem. Layers of  
snowy handkerchief linen,  
piped in navy fill in the neck-  
line and soften the severity of  
the dress which is belted in  
yellow leather.

## Interesting New Pieces In The Modern Furniture Line

By ELEANOR ROSS

A RECENT display at New  
York's distinguished Museum  
of Modern Art centred on the  
beginnings of the development  
of modern design in furniture  
and ornament, the forerunner  
of design as it has developed to-  
day. It was a most interesting  
display, with in many instances,  
a marked resemblance to the  
most modern of contemporary  
furniture and accessories.

Pride of the collection for  
many was a large desk designed  
early in the century, one that  
would be at home in the most  
modern of interiors today. Made  
of dark and bleached mahogany,  
this piece has a free form top  
that bridges a wide expanse be-  
tween two pedestals that look  
like separate articles of furni-  
ture. Each pedestal is like an  
individual cabinet with different

combinations of drawer and  
cupboard space, and each is placed  
at right angles to the other.

### Lamp Table

Another piece by the same  
architect and prophetic designer  
is a beautiful lamp table of light  
walnut. The legs and stretches  
apparently just merge into each  
other like plant stems, and the  
joints have been beautifully  
minimised, to help heighten the  
free flowing illusion. It is about  
as handsome a free form table  
as we have seen and that's not  
forgetting the many modern  
pieces that we admired at recent  
modern furniture showings. Two  
chairs complete the grouping  
from this designer, an armchair  
to go with the desk, and a high  
back bedroom chair.

The work of talented Louis  
Tiffany, worker in fine glass,  
had a profound influence on de-  
corative glass accessories for the  
home, and pieces seen now bellow  
their origins so many decades  
ago. Handed in beautiful  
iridescent glass, the shapes taper  
out from a broad base to a nar-  
row stem and then gently flow  
out again to the top. These  
pieces actually represent flower  
forms, instead of just being de-  
corated with flower motifs, as  
were so many bowls and vases  
prior to Tiffany.

Augmenting the show was a  
group of photographs depicting  
the evolution of modern design  
in architecture and interior  
design, and also some paintings  
by Toulouse-Lautrec and  
Gauguin, two artists who had an  
important and considerable in-  
fluence on the movement. The  
photographs offered an interesting  
commentary of the funda-  
mentals of modern that still  
obtain in the most contem-  
porary of interior and exterior  
design, with emphasis on built-  
in pieces as well as movable  
furniture, and actual room  
decoration.

### Household Hint

A waxed, water resistant  
paper bag makes a sanitary  
nursery container for discarded  
tissues, swabs and cotton.

## A Little Perfume Perks You Up



Be sure to use toilet water of the same fragrance as your perfume.  
Buy the type that comes in an atomizer-topped bottle for quick, easy  
application.

By HELEN FOLLETT

THERE was a time when it was  
considered undulylikin even  
to be the least bit conspicuous.  
To display an ankle was a  
terrible social error. The woman  
who used perfume to any extent  
was looked upon with suspicion.  
"the smell of good old soap and  
water is best," they said. A lot  
of water has run under the  
beauty bridge since then, and  
women are a lot happier for it.

We are living in an exhibi-  
tionist age, no doubt about it.  
And if a girl is going to make  
the fashion grade she must wear  
perfume. Not only that, but the  
right kind. It is a bid for notice  
and, no matter what men may  
say, they love it. When they  
get a whiff of a delicious  
floretted scent, they take a deep  
breath, just as the sisters do. As  
women keep on putting on more  
and more lipstick, so do they use  
more perfumes. It is a madness  
and a lovely one. Nice way to  
go crazy, if you ask us, or if you  
don't.

It is a day of blends or  
bouquets under staggeringly odd

names and labels. No re-  
produced odour of a single  
flower ever enjoyed the popu-  
larity of some of our fashionable  
blends. They are fascinating  
because they have a mysterious  
quality.

Yes, they are expensive, more  
costly than ever. But now they  
are offered in tiny purse-size  
bottles. You get a small vial,  
find out how you like it, then  
buy a larger bottle. A nice ar-  
rangement.

Keep it in an atomizer. You'll  
use less and you will smell just  
as sweet. Place the atomizer in  
a dark cabinet. Even if per-  
fume is stopped it will  
evaporate if kept where it is  
warm or when the sun shines on  
it.

Before getting into your  
grandest dry goods, spray your  
shoulders and arms. The warmth  
of your flesh will cause the al-  
coholic content to evaporate.  
Only the luscious odours will  
remain.

**Let's Eat**  
BY  
IDA BAILEY ALLEN

## Store Vegetables Properly To Keep Off Waste

FIRST of all, Madame, a  
good Chef would plan  
his menu ahead, and that is  
what we are doing for our  
readers. After he would  
make out his list of supplies  
and buy the foods, this is  
something each homemaker  
must do for herself. After  
that, the Chef would do as  
much advance preparation as  
possible of the perishable  
foods before they were put  
away.

"I really think the prepara-  
tion of fresh vegetables takes  
the longest of all foods," I  
observed. "But if they are  
washed and trimmed before  
refrigerating, as soon as they  
come from the market, con-  
siderable time and muss can  
be saved. For instance, it's  
much easier to wash lettuce  
and other salad plants as soon  
as they are received; drain a  
few minutes, wrap in waxed  
paper and put them in the  
vegetable crisper. The same  
thing is true of tomatoes,  
cucumbers, celery, radishes  
and green peppers. They can  
all be trimmed, washed, and  
put away ready for use.

Beets, young turnips, summer  
squash, carrots and string  
beans can be washed before  
refrigerating. Then they are  
ready to cook with little fur-  
ther preparation."

**Prepared Ahead**  
"You know, Madame, in the  
same way many fruits can  
be prepared ahead. All the  
oranges, apples, peaches and  
other whole fruits should be  
washed and all fruits should  
be looked over for imperfec-  
tions. If some are beginning  
to be too soft or are bruised,  
they should be quickly made  
into a compote so they will  
not be wasted. Then put in  
to a tall jar in the refriger-  
ator to use over the weekend.  
This should be done immedi-  
ately when the foods are de-  
livered. It prevents waste  
and saves money. The aver-  
age hotel or restaurant could  
not exist if there was as much  
waste as in most private  
homes."

"You're right, Chef. Figures  
on amounts of household  
waste checked in a survey of  
48 cities, showed 79 percent  
of the waste was made up  
of fresh vegetables and  
fruits. One of the best ways  
to avoid at least part of this  
waste is to take immediate  
care of all fresh fruits and  
vegetables as soon as they  
are received. Then they do  
not stand around in bags or  
baskets, with leaves wilting

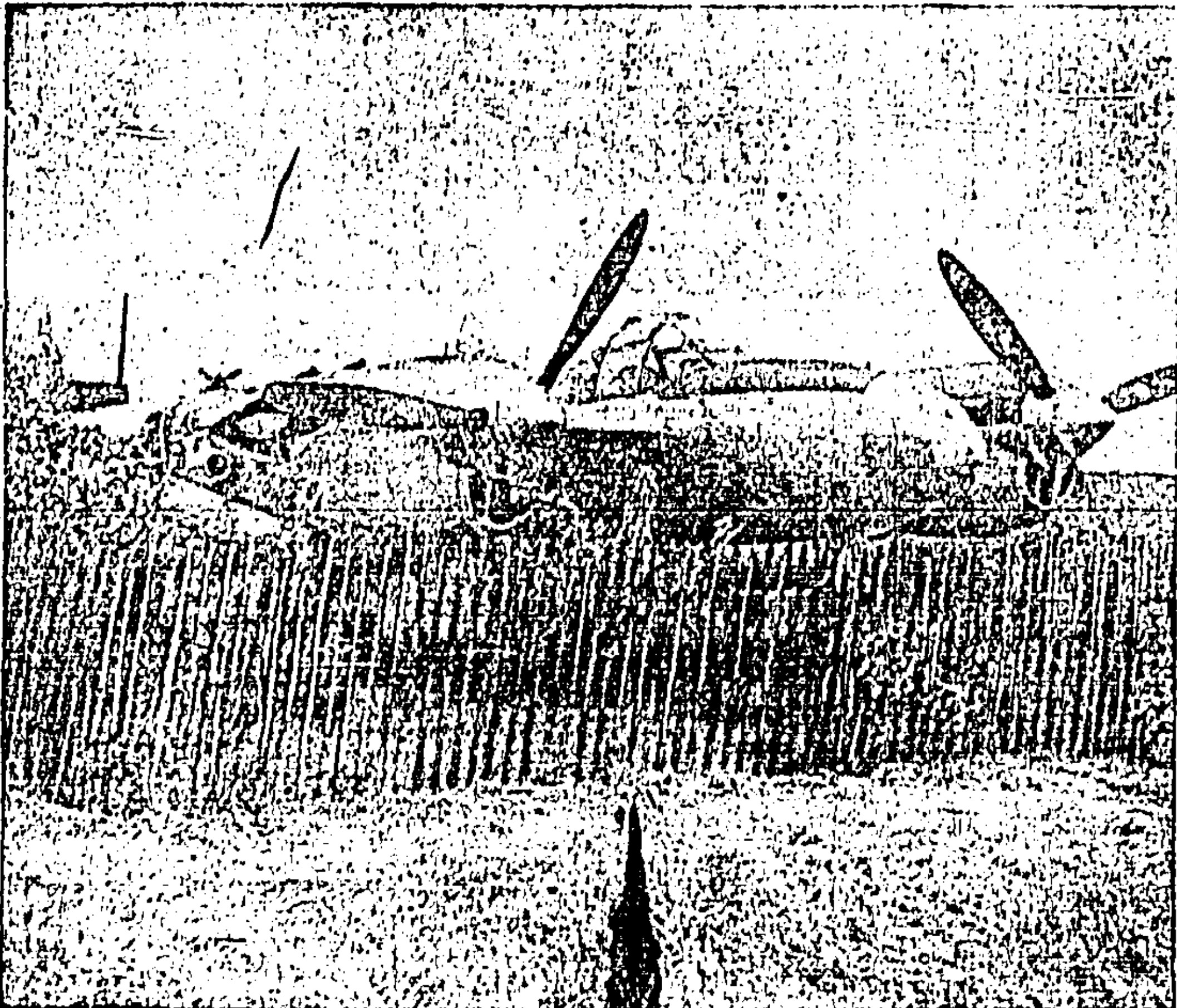
and spoilage developing. It  
takes about an hour to pro-  
perly put away a week-end  
order of groceries, meats, and  
perishables for the average  
household. But it saves so  
much muss, time and con-  
sideration later on, that it is well  
worth the effort."

**Dinner**  
Chilled Cantaloupe  
Baked Fish a la Chef  
Fancy Rice Fried Cucumbers  
Tossed Lettuce Mexican Salad  
Dressing  
Lemon Coconut Sponge  
Tarts  
Hot or Iced Coffee or Tea  
Milk (Children)  
Baked Fish a la Chef  
Split one 2 1/2 lb. mackerel,  
whitefish or bass for broiling  
and remove the backbone.  
Place on an oiled baking pan.  
Dust with 1 tsp. salt and 1/2  
tsp. curry powder. Sprinkle  
over 1/2 tsp. minced capers,  
or use pickle relish; dot  
with 2 tbs. butter or mar-  
garine. Four in 1/4 c. fish  
stock or chicken stock, or use  
1/4 c. water and 1 bouillon  
cube. Bake 20 min. in a  
moderate oven, 350-375 F.  
Then cover with 3/4 c. coarse  
buttered crumbs and bake 10  
min. longer. Garnish with  
lemon wedges and radishes.

**Mexican Salad Dressing**  
Hard-cook 1 egg; mash the  
yolk in a small bowl. Blend  
in 1/2 c. plain French dress-  
ing. Add 2 tsp. Worcester-  
shire sauce, 1/2 tsp. chill pow-  
der, 1/4 tsp. garlic salt and 1  
fine-minced green onion or  
scallion.  
**Lemon Coconut Sponge Tarts.**  
Make plain pie pastry by the  
usual recipe or from a  
mix. With it line 6 good-  
sized, rather shallow muffin  
pans. Next make the filling.  
To do this, cream together 2  
tsp. flour, 1 tsp. butter, 1/4  
c. sugar, 2 egg yolks and the  
rind and juice of 1 lemon.  
Add 1 c. milk and 1/3 c.  
shredded coconut. Fold in  
the 2 remaining egg whites  
beaten stiff. Spoon into the  
muffin pans; sprinkle with a  
little shredded coconut and  
place in a hot oven, 400 F.,  
10 min. Then reduce the  
heat to 375 F. and bake about  
25 min., or until puffy and  
brown.  
**The Chef's Suggestion**  
To make fried cucumbers,  
peel and slice 1/2 in. thick.  
Dip in an egg beaten with 1/4  
c. milk, then in fine dry  
crumbs seasoned with salt  
and pepper. Saute slowly on  
both sides in vegetable fat.



## PICTORIAL NEWSFRONT



**ALREADY FORGOTTEN**—Tall weeds and grass grow around the U.S. P-38 plane piloted by Major Richard I. Bong, great flying hero of World War II. The plane, surrounded by a snow fence in Poplar, Wisconsin, Bong's home, was intended as a memorial to the American hero who was killed while flying an experimental jet fighter.



**FUR COAT FOR YOUNG LADY**—Barry O'Neill, a paymaster in Keno Hill, Yukon Territory, tries a nine-foot Arctic wolf skin on his daughter, Angela, while his wife Eileen helps him with the fit. The O'Neills typify young Americans pioneering in the Yukon.



**TOURING BRITISH CAPITAL**—American and Canadian air cadets, in London under an exchange organised by the British Air Ministry, view points of interest. Pointing out landmarks in front of Big Ben and the House of Parliament is Bernard Sullivan, of the London County Council.



**TO THE RESCUE!**—After being trapped for 45 days in a dry well in Haver, Louisiana, Shag, a four-year-old setter, is rescued by E. D. Ashley, the pet's owner. Although she lost 55 pounds during that time, Ashley believes Shag stayed alive by eating leaves.



**THE SAME EVERYWHERE**—This new office building on the beach at Dover, England, is deeply resented by some of the sun-bathers. They contend there are ample places in town, damaged by German bombs, that could be used for new buildings without using the sea-front. Also, the tax-payers prefer to have more dwellings and tourist accommodations erected than office buildings.



**LIKE THIS?**—If actress Virginia Mayo, in Hollywood, will just look like this in her next movie, no one will be disappointed. But she's an eye-fel at any time.



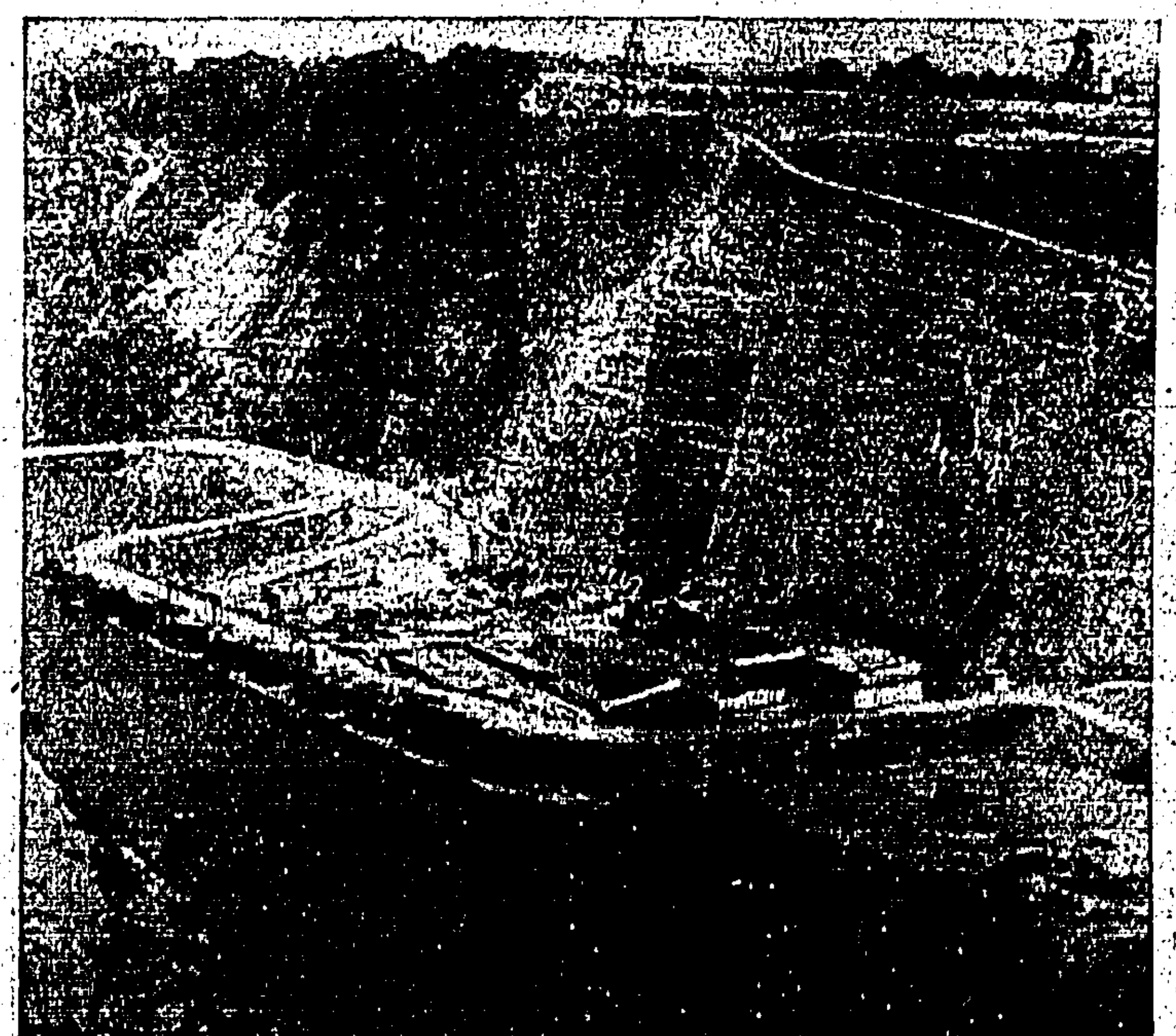
**YOUTHFUL HIKER**—Three-week-old Kathryn Benson struggles to take a couple of steps as her mother, Mrs. La Veri Benson, holds her back. The Murray, Utah, tot has been walking for a week, but doctor has advised a minimum of exercise.



**UNWANTED**—Heavy smoke rises in Jerusalem as Israeli army engineers blow up almost four tons of explosives in the heart of the Holy City. Officials stated that no damage was done, even to the windows of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, right. The explosives were left over when a giant land mine was buried about eight months ago.

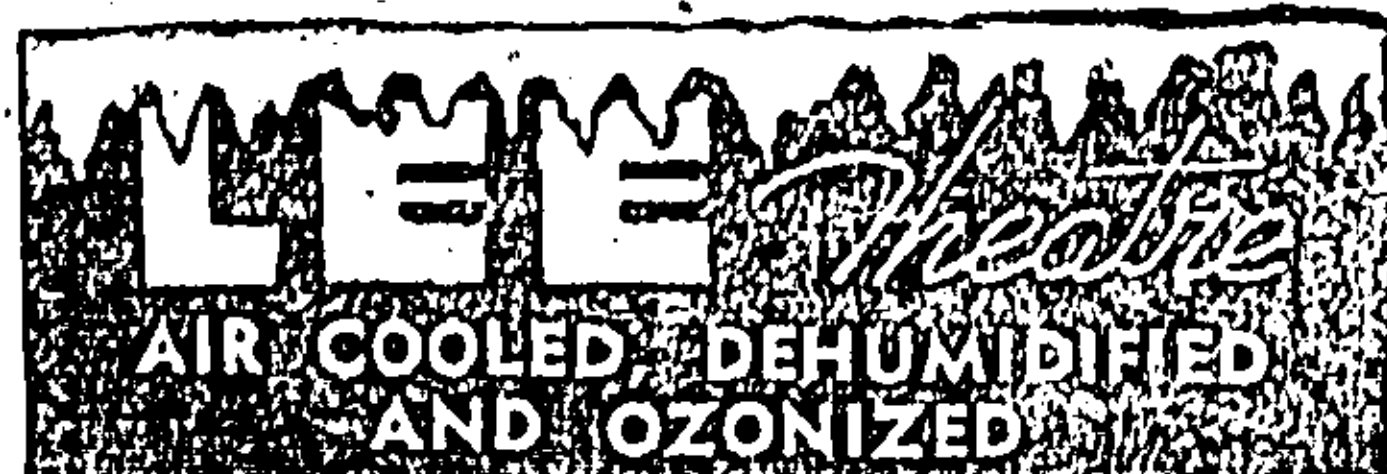


**BOLD PLUMAGE**—This trim town hat of light navy taupe sits at the back of the head and sports a symmetrical brim. Introduced in Paris, the chapeau is trimmed with matching coque feathers.



**A LOT OF MONEY**—Work is rapidly progressing on this big dam in the Genesee River, near Mt. Morris, New York. The Federal Government will spend an amount estimated at more than US\$50,000,000 on the flood control project.





(FREE CAR PARK FOR PATRONS)

Final Showing To-day At 2.30, 5.15, 7.30 &amp; 9.30 P.M.

FROM GARLAND ROARK'S BOOK  
THAT SOLD A MILLION COPIES

**JOHN WAYNE**  
**GAIL RUSSELL**

**WAKE of the RED WITCH**

With GIG YOUNG • ADELE MARA • LUTHER ADLER  
and EDWARD FRANK • GRANT WITHERS • HENRY DANIEL  
PAUL FIX • JEFF CORLEY

Screen Play by Harry Brown and Kenneth Gamet  
Based on Garland Roark's Famous Best-Selling Novel  
Directed by Edward Ludwig • Associate Producer—Edmund Granger  
A REPUBLIC PICTURE

TO-MORROW

WARNER BROS. HAPPY-GO-HUGGY MUSICAL!

**One Technicolor Sunday Afternoon**

**MORGAN MAIONE**  
**DEBORAH DORR**  
**PAUL HENREY**

TO-DAY ONLY **QUEENS** At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

HELD OVER FOR ONE MORE DAY!

She was THE BRIDE—dangerous, irresistible!

**MGM PRESENTS**  
**THE BRIDE**  
A ROBERT LEONARD PRODUCTION

**ROBERT TAYLOR**  
**AVA GARDNER**  
**CHARLES LAUGHTON**  
**VINCENT PRICE**  
**JOHN HODIAK**

OPENS **! "A TALE OF TWO CITIES"** AN M-G-M PICTURE

THE MOST UP-TO-DATE THEATRE ON THE MAINLAND

FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY  
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

Columbia Presents

**"A THOUSAND AND ONE NIGHTS"**with Cornel WILDE • Evelyn KEYES  
IN GLORIOUS TECHNICOLOR

TO-MORROW

**HUMPHREY BOGART**  
**EDWARD G. ROBINSON**  
**LAUREN BACALL**  
**LIONEL BARRYMORE**  
**KEY ARNO**  
**TREVOR**

TO-DAY ONLY

**Cathay** At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

Glory in the Roaring Story of America's Fightin'est Frontier Day! Blazing with Bullet-scarred Thrills!

ANN SHERIDAN IN THE NEW WARNER SENSATION

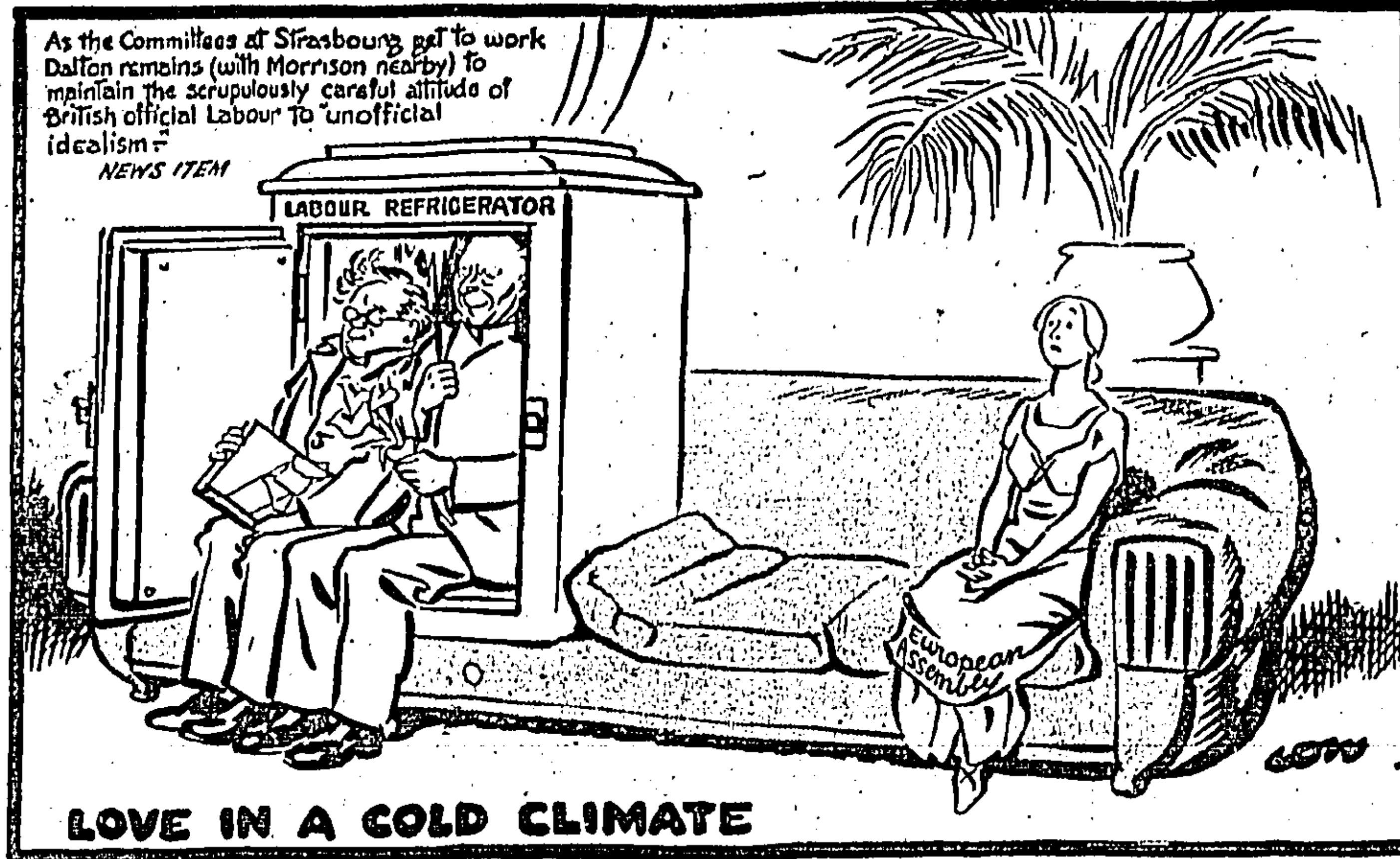
**"ABILENE TOWN"**

Starring: Randolph SCOTT • Ann DVORAK

To-morrow Only

John WAYNE in "TYCOON" in Technicolor

OPENS ON OCT. 1ST—Glenn Ford • Torrey Moore in "THE RETURN OF OCTOBER" Color by Technicolor



World Copyright. By arrangement with Eosina Standard.

## Even Their Yashmaks Are In Black Nylon

"A NOTHING GOES" was the title of a musical some time back. It could also be the theme song for Tangier.

This is the international city of no restrictions, no taxes, and nearly no rules. The main rule is that nobody says No.

Twice in my first 12 hours here I was asked to be the London agent of one of the Tangier "banks." I could be so useful, I was assured, in helping people move their money.

Those banks! Before the war, when Tangier numbered 40,000 somnolent souls, there were ten. Now, with the population a feverish 150,000 (and still going up) there were at the last count 81.

### The banks

STARTING a bank in Tangier is rather less difficult than buying a car somewhere else. You put up £100 and call yourself something impressive, and there you are. All strictly legal. You then pay about £7 a year as a "patent." The rest is up to you.

I met a Belgian. Only a year ago he was a Brussels businessman. He decided to pull up stakes and come to Tangier. He brought along his wife and sister-in-law. Now they are fellow-directors of his flourishing bank (it cleared a nice profit of £20,000 in the first year).

So many people want to bring their money here from all over the world. And the banks want so much to help them do it.

"I suppose the British are the great exception?" I asked. "Ho!" laughed my friend.

"The exchange laws?" He gestured to the open window where the Rock rose from the mist across the Straits 20 miles away. "Gib is in the Sterling Area. A Briton transfers his money to Gib, from London."

"Who runs Tangier? Seven nations—Britain, the U.S., France, Spain, Belgium, the Netherlands, and Italy. France is the main power. She runs the Customs, and since Franco's wartime parade of force when he thought the Allies were beaten France has had the ruling power in the Assembly."



R. M. MacCOLL tells the world's craziest story of MONEY...

"Yes, and then?" "Oh, please, monsieur. You must leave us bankers a few of our professional secrets."

A British official said later: "Yes, there are constant rumours of large sterling sums finding their way in. But one pretty racket we know about and cannot stop."

"A British visitor to Tangier goes to an Indian merchant and gives him a cheque on the Briton's London bank for, say, £100. The Indian gives him £90—the tenner is his commission."

"Then the Indian goes across to Gib, where he has another branch of his business, and cashes the cheque. So far as the Treasury in London is concerned the cheque was legitimately cashed in the Sterling Area."

### No questions

ONCE the money is here you can do precisely what you like with it, and when you like. Buy 50,000 golden sovereigns and melt them down? By all means. A Spaniard rather impishly did just that the other day. Buy gold ingots in a cinema queue? But yes.

They are discreet. If Mr Van Z., the Dutch businessman, wishes to open his account in another name, or own a deposit box under just a number, he can do so. No questions asked.

No figures are ever published by anyone. The banks are little, watertight affairs of their own.

### Sink or swim

THE only touch of harsh reality about the place is that any merchandise coming into Tangier pays a flat 12½ percent. Customs dues. Gold and jewels pay 7½ percent. And that is that. No import licences. No quotas. Bring in all you want.

But that modest taxation is more than enough to put Tangier's finances handsomely in the black, with large surpluses. That and the monopolies such as tobacco.

And there is no direct taxation and no death duties. No military expenditure either. And no unemployment insurance. Sink or swim here.

"What now—some dubious proceeds?" Not so. He whips open the "radio set" to disclose a great mass of pound and dollar bills.

Donkeys bray to heaven beside huge Cadillacs. Arab women sit cross-legged in the market-place selling their saffron, chopped nuts, and sweetmeats as they did, no doubt, in the days of Suleiman the Magnificent. But in Suleiman's day there would not have been a thousand dollar television set alongside them.

Down at the port men are busy loading things into yachts. No one stopped us walking in. No harbour police showed any inquisitive bent. The men laughed and talked as they worked under the gleaming sun.

### Paying game

THEY were professional smugglers loading up streptomycin and taintless pens for Spain and tobacco for France (300 percent profit at least on U.S. cigarettes smuggled in from Tangier). "Is it a paradise?" Yes. The place grows so fast and so many of the new flats have so many refrigerators, lifts, and so forth, that the electricity works only on alternate nights. ("After all, it's alternating current," explain the Spaniards with a shrug.)

Did I do any trafficking? Oh, yes. (Attention, Treasury!) I bought a golden sovereign at 10 o'clock one morning for £3.3s.6d. At six o'clock that evening I sold it back for £3.1s.9d.—a loss of 1s.8d. But to have a piece of gold glistening against the dress in my trouser pocket for every eight hours was very pleasant.

—(London Express Service)

## C.V.R. Thompson Reports The American Scene

NEW YORK. It is all but official that the US slump is over.

Dr Edwin Nourse, President Truman's top economic adviser, who is usually as gloomy as he looks is working on a report which will say the "recession"—polite word for bad business—is ended.

And it will forecast even brighter prospects for 1950 than for the last quarter of this year. The shoe industry will be cited as an example of the comeback. Three months ago it was hardly possible to sell a pair of shoes.

Today, one company alone is getting orders at the rate of £8,000,000 worth a month. That is 11 percent higher than the company's record in January 1947.

Dr Nourse will admit there are still one or two soft spots in the country. Softest are Cal-

ifornia and New England. But business is improving even there.

THE TWO QUEENS and the Mauretania should be put up as security for a new dollar loan to Britain, suggests Editor John Griffin of the New York Enquirer. His plan is for US companies to operate the liners until such a loan is repaid.

Said Griffin: "It is about time we asked Britain for some substantial collateral."

HOUSING SHORTAGES are blamed by insurance company experts for the increase in infantile paralysis since the war. Most cases, they say, are in areas where two or more families are crowded into one house.

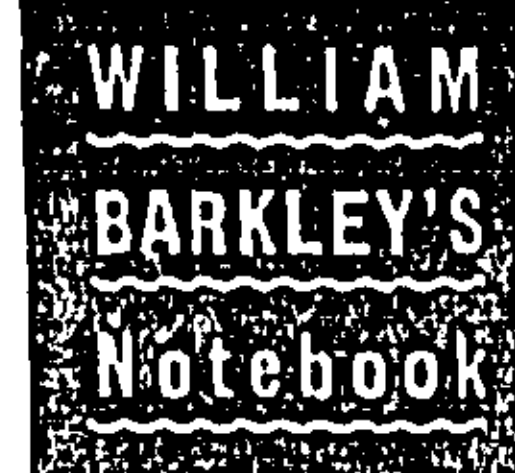
AS AN EXPERIMENT six US cinemas are to screen by TV next month's baseball-world series—as important to the US

as Cup ties to Britain. If it works, next year's games will be televised to cinemas all over the country.

LONDON WILL no longer be the world's most-populated city when next year's American census results come out. Estimates, published recently, are that 8,145,000 now live within New York City, and approximately 13,800,000 in Greater New York. Say the estimators: One of every ten in the US lives within 50 miles of Times-square.

[Latest figure for Greater London: 8,350,000.]

BOX-OFFICE receipts from U.S. cinemas have not yet suffered from TV, says Mr Ted Gamble, chairman of the Theatre Owners' Association. In fact, he adds, takings are up 10 percent on last year.



DOES this dollar convulsion mean a General Election this year? Everywhere I go and every letter I open I am asked. Let us meditate together.

## That General Election foxes both sides...

MY feeling is that Mr Churchill wants a General Election as quickly as possible, and that his supporters don't. He wants to win a General Election. They don't.

He feels that the state of Europe is such that none but his hand, which guided us with such incomparable skill in the war, can save us now from European collapse, from German revivalism, and from Russian aggression.

But many Tories feel that it would be bad in the face of history for the Socialist Government to acquire the reputation that Britain enjoys full employment when Socialists are in power, and suffers mass unemployment under Tories.

### Jockeying

SO Parliament may well to the discerning eye present the spectacle of a more subtle jockeying for position than we have ever seen.

The Tories, in the backs of their heads, where the bump of benevolence resides, will not be averse to seeing the Socialists facing real problems after their easy ride of five years of boom.

And from these sentiments, how do you fix the date? Well, the Socialist Party, I am told by some, will precipitate an election this November, because their policies are finding them out. But that would mean that the Socialists are ready to run away from their responsibilities.

Now this is exactly what they did when they were last faced with a crisis in the year 1931. But I don't believe that is how they think now.

### That 'mandate'

THEY are not of a character to rush an election just because they think they will do better now than later. It is not their frame of mind. It is not Mr Attlee's or Mr Herbert Morrison's.

The attitude of the Socialist Party to a General Election is: "You returned us to power for the first time in history, for five years. We have used your

mandate for that period and we now come before you with an account of our stewardship, and a demand for a renewal of the mandate."

That may not sound exciting as a programme, but to anyone who has attended as many election meetings as myself it offers the only basis on which the Socialists can confidently appeal.

### Revivalist

AN election meeting addressed by the top Socialists—the high priests—must have a revivalist atmosphere. Its platform must almost be a pulpit for high moral guidance whatever the language used by the canvassers on the doorstep.

Now if the Socialists force an election in the next few weeks they will be open to a devastating attack if the Tories care to make it. The attack will be on two flanks.

Suppose the Socialists jump into an election before the people grasp that their policy has led to dear bread and to a shaking of confidence in the Empire and sterling power as the greatest trading group in the world. Suppose it looks like cowardice in face of the dollar.

Suppose it looks as if the Socialist leaders have chosen a disguised way of reducing standards of living in Britain by devaluation without frankly saying so.

How could any Socialist preach on that pulpit without the Tory charge which crushed the Socialists to powder in 1931: "You ran away!"

### Biggest card

WHERE, then is their moral platform?

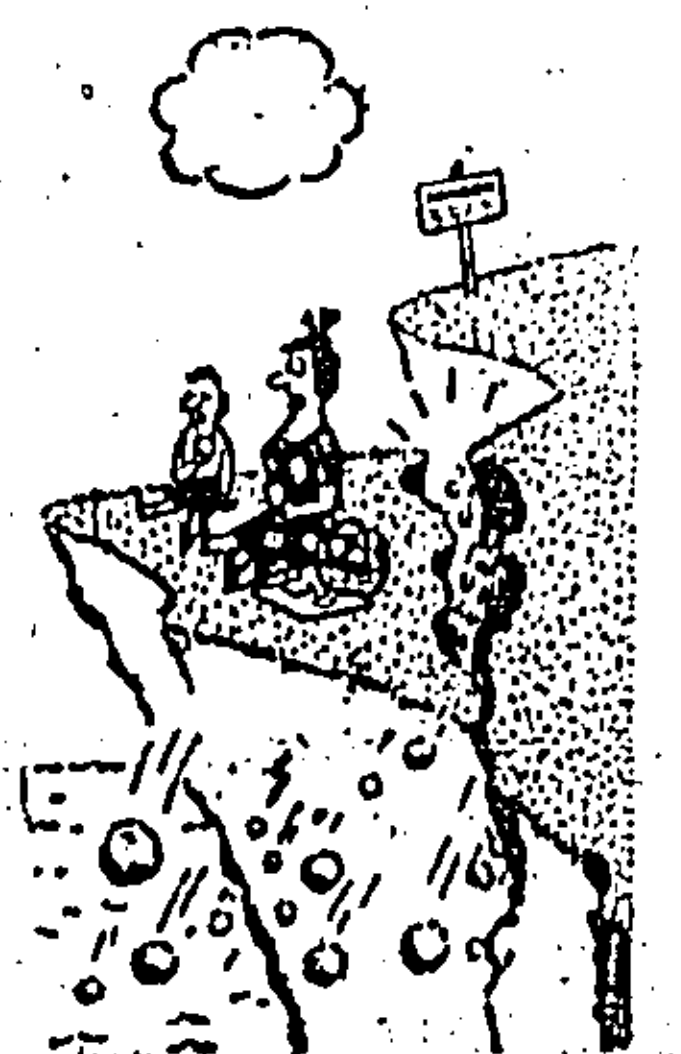
The biggest card the Socialists have to play is full employment. Today everybody has a job, whether he wants it or not. As by magic, the scourge of pre-war unemployment has vanished.

The working man thinks this is a great decision of Socialist policy. But Sir Stafford Cripps has shown that it is a pure accident. He said in his broadcast speech that unemployment will threaten us again unless we do the seemingly impossible or the damn ally.

These are not his words. They are mine. What he said was that full employment depends on selling motor-cars in their home, the United States of America, and eating dear dollar bread.

Stuff me with spinach!

—(London Express Service)

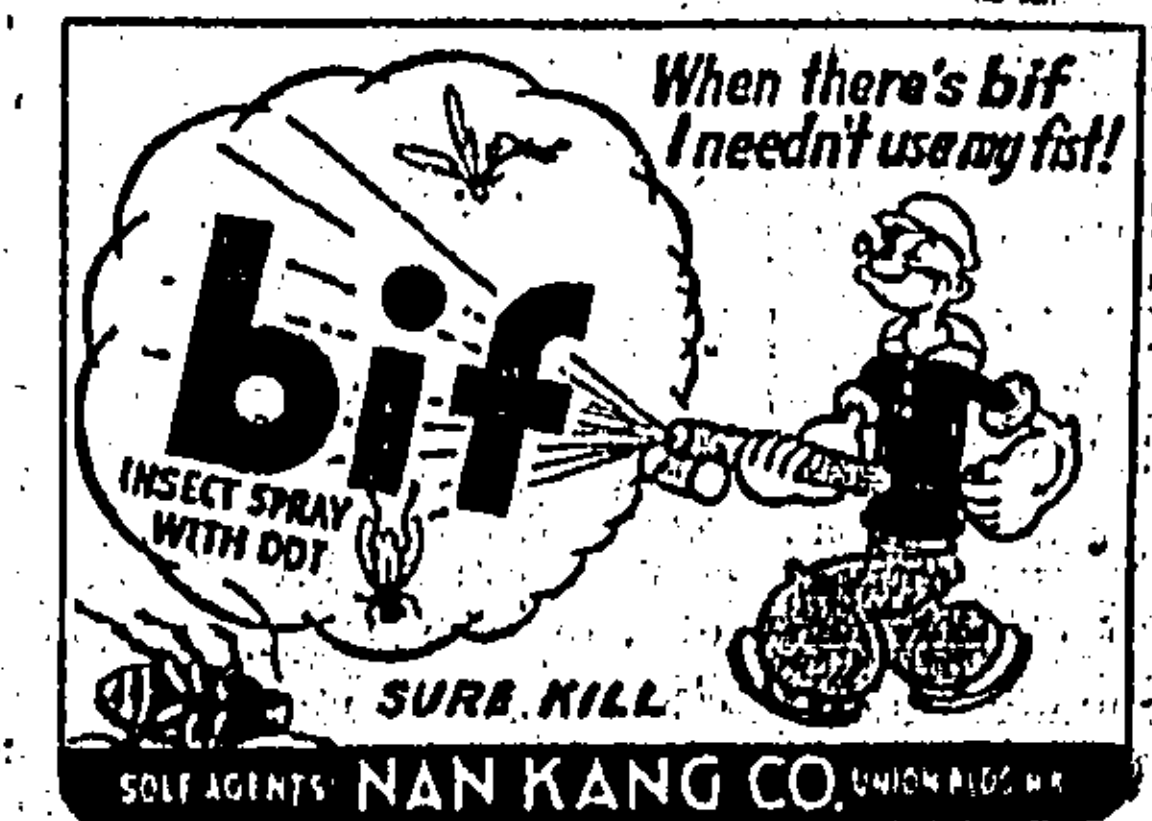


London Express Service.

NANCY

Finny Business

By: Ernie Bushmiller.





# Indonesia's Desire For Economic Sovereignty

## DR HATTA ON DEVELOPMENT OF UNEXPLOITED RESOURCES

The Hague, Sept. 28.—The importance of complete economic sovereignty to the new State of Indonesia in the coming years was emphasised by Dr Mohammed Hatta, the leader of the Indonesian Republican delegation to the round-table conference here, in an interview with Reuter today.

Dr Hatta expressed himself as satisfied with the agreement in principle on the political side of setting up the Netherlands-Indonesian Union and the position of the head of the Union.

*The drafting of the Union Statute—and the Charter of transfer of sovereignty was being done by a working group, he said, and should be ready in the next few days.*

Dr Hatta said that a good deal of work still remained to be done on economic and financial matters. "There are still great difficulties," he said, "but we all hope that reasonable solutions will be found."

Asked what meeting ground there was between the view of the Dutch and the Indonesian delegations on these matters, Dr Hatta said: "Our position in the matter of debts is that an infant State like Indonesia cannot be burdened with a debt too much for it to bear. We should not also forget that a debt burden arises directly out of the past policy pursued by the Dutch Government."

"For instance, the administration was overburdened by highly-paid Dutch Government servants whose possible loss of appointment is now sought to be compensated on the scale of their salaries."

**POLICE ACTION**

"We cannot also agree to pay for the police actions against us. On economic and financial policies of the future, we cannot but take the stand of complete sovereignty. The economy of Indonesia so far has been shaped in accordance with the general colonial concept of the Dutch Government."

"We have to change that entire economy to a new national one, which will raise the standard of living of our own people. How can we do this if we are tied down by so many agreements and safeguards, which will virtually mean the continuation of the same economy as of old?"

Dr Hatta said, "the welfare of Indonesia will naturally be our prime concern, but naturally we are not conscious of the close links existing between Indonesia and Holland."

Asked for an indication of the lines on which development of the country would be undertaken, Dr Hatta said that in the immediate years to come they would concentrate on the re-adjustment of population and opening up the vast unexploited resources of the new State.

Side by side with this, industrialisation would proceed, partly to fall in line with the policy of exploiting the raw materials and partly to build up a new balanced economy.

**Hanged For Murder Of German Girl**

London, Sept. 28.—William Claude Jones, 31-year-old former British soldier, was hanged at Pentonville Prison today for the murder four years ago of a German girl.

He was sentenced to death on September 8 for the slaying of Wolfram Lehman, 24, in a wood at Rotenburg, Germany, in June 1945.—Associated Press.

**SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith**

It is in contradiction with the free gift of all beings, body and soul, which characterises marriage in its plenitude according to the law of God, and clothes man to his rank of person.

"Artificial insemination with a strange donor in cases of infertility of the husband is similar to adultery. Done in the aim of eugenics and outside matrimony, it shows total lack of knowledge of what the human person is."—United Press.

**60 COMMUNISTS ROUNDED UP**

Madras, Sept. 28.—Following the ban on the Communist Party, Madras police today rounded up 60 more Communists in a widespread comb-out.

Total arrests since the Provincial Government's ban on the Communist Party and allied organisations, imposed on September 20, rose to 100.

Except in Vellore Gaol, where some detained people threw dirt and pieces of glass at officials during a search, no untoward incidents were reported.—Reuter.

**Struck Wife With Prayer Book**

Los Angeles, Sept. 28.—Joseph Weismann, aged 39, was booked today on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon. His wife Goldie, 40, told police he struck her with a prayer book.—Associated Press.

*"Here's a fellow who hasn't bought a dime's worth from us in twenty years—first time I called on him I accidentally beat him one stroke in 18 holes!"*

## READING THE NEWS



Coming from an emergency secret session of the United States Senate-Atomic Energy Committee at Washington, DC, three US senators read the news of President Truman's announcement that Russia apparently has the atomic bomb. They are: left to right: Senators William F. Knowland, Brien McMahon, (chairman); and Tom Connally. (AP Picture).

## German Leaders Disagree With New Mark Rate

### SHARP CRITICISM OF ALLIED DECISION

Bonn, Sept. 28.—The West German Bundestag today reacted sharply against this morning's Allied decision for a 20.67 percent devaluation of the Mark.

*The Social Democrat leader, Dr Kurt Schumacher, amid vigorous applause, called the High Commissioners' announcement, with its attached order to the Germans to check dumping and alter coal prices, a 'diktat in favour of other interests at the expense of the economic interests of one country.'*

(The German Government announced this morning that they had deferred acceptance of the decision pending further discussions with the High Commissioners.)

Dr Schumacher regretted that the Occupation Statute had been applied for the first time with so little respect for the authority and vital needs of democracy.

The order that Germany must not raise export prices in the new exchange rate unless she also raised internal prices made her economic life "more difficult to an intolerable degree, and shakes our social structure to its foundations."

For the Christian Democrats, the main party in the Government, Dr Erhard Sweeriks said that they would have to use tact and restraint in commenting on a matter still under international discussion.

**10 Percent Rise In Wheat Prices**

London, Sept. 28.—The International Wheat Council announced in London tonight that, because of the change in the Canadian dollar, maximum and minimum wheat prices under the international agreement had risen by 10 percent.

This increase was automatic, and was already known. Canada raised its selling prices of both agreement and non-agreement by 10 percent.

It was pointed out that the new price was not a devaluation of its currency, its only unaltered price was the British contract, which is fixed in Canadian currency.

All wheat agreement prices in countries which have devalued automatically rose by the full amount of the respective devaluations, because the agreement's maxima and minima were, in effect, based on gold.

This applies, of course, even to those countries which sell almost all their wheat to countries which have also devalued. Australia is an example.

Exporting countries will not necessarily be able to sell their quotas at the enhanced maximum prices. The bulk of the 36 signatory importing countries have still to ratify the agreement.

Their obligation to import the specified quotas does not become binding unless and until they do ratify it.

It is only at the minimum prices that importing countries have undertaken to buy their quotas, and no exporting country has so far shown any sign of offering at the minima.

At the maxima, it is the exporting countries that have undertaken to sell—but they have still to find buyers able and willing to pay the maximum prices in the sellers' currencies.—Reuter.

## Ex-Judge Questioned By Counsel

### Nino-Lakh Claim Hearing

Loo Hsing-yuan, former Attorney-General of China and President of the Shanghai Criminal Appeal Court, was cross-examined by the Hon. Leo d'Almada, KC, senior Counsel for the plaintiff, at the resumed hearing of the Nino-Lakh Shanghai foreign exchange transactions claim brought by A. V. White, of 3, College Road, Kowloon, against F. C. Roberts, of 90, Robinson Road.

Both White and Roberts were formerly merchants in Shanghai. The case is being heard at the Supreme Court before Mr Justice Williams.

Mr d'Almada asked Loo if there was anything he wished to amend in what he had said in evidence during yesterday's hearing and the witness replied in the negative.

**FIVE YUANS**

Arising out of a question by Counsel as to what particular department of the National Government a directive would go to draw up certain measures for approval by the Government, witness explained that there were five Yuans, namely, Executive, Legislative, Judicial, Examination and Supervisory, all under the direct control of the National Government.

Mr d'Almada: This National Government was a body higher than the Executive Yuan.—Yes.

Of whom did that body consist?—Chairman and members of the National Government.

This number of members were different from time to time. I suggest that, in fact, the Executive Yuan was given this directive to draft new regulations for submission to the Supreme Defence Council, you do not agree.—No.

Would not the Supreme National Defence Council be higher than the Executive Yuan?—The Supreme Council is part of the Government organisation.

**NO INDICATION**

Is it higher or not than the Executive Yuan?—There is no indication in the order of February 17, 1947, as to the status.

Referring to the directive on foreign exchange control, Loo, in reply to Counsel, said that the order was made by the Government after consultation with the Supreme Council of National Defence. The order, he said, was made in the name of the National Government and was directed to the Executive Yuan as well as to all other Government departments directly under the control of the National Government even including the Legislative Yuan.

It was not for the Supreme Council of National Defence to issue the order. When the Government had a proposal to control dealings in exchange it was referred to the Supreme Council.

Mr d'Almada: You said yesterday that the Government said, "Let this order be enforced." Do you mean that?

Witness: Yes.

**EMERGENCY POWERS**

They have got to be passed into law first.—Yes. All other portions of the law not concerning punishment need not be referred to the Legislative Yuan.

Mr d'Almada: Do you suggest that by reason of this directive the ordinary steps for making law can be ignored?—Yes, exactly.

It follows from what you said that it gave the Executive Yuan powers to make laws.—Yes, for emergency measures.

Where is your authority for saying that by such a document the Executive Yuan can be given law-making powers?—The directive says so. Hearing is proceeding.

**Radio Hongkong**

11.15. "Hongkong Calling"—Programme Summary: 10.15. "Children's Story"; 10.30. "Winter Holiday"—by Arthur Tait; 11.00. "The Melancholy Orchestra" with Sylvia Robin and Harry Daw; 11.15. "The Melancholy Orchestra" with Sylvia Robin and Harry Daw; 11.30. "The Melancholy Orchestra" with Sylvia Robin and Harry Daw; 11.45. "The Melancholy Orchestra" with Sylvia Robin and Harry Daw; 12.00. "The Melancholy Orchestra" with Sylvia Robin and Harry Daw.

**Cut In Italian Bread Price**

Rome, Sept. 28.—The Italian Government today recommended a reduction in bread prices. After a Cabinet meeting today, provincial price committees were ordered to meet before October 10, to fix new prices.

It is predicted that the cut will be 10 to 15 percent on the present levels and will apply throughout the country. Grain prices have already fallen.—Reuter.

TO-DAY ONLY **KING'S** AIR-CONDITIONED At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

**Kieron MOORE** **Christine NORDEN**

**SAINTS and SINNERS**

Stella Marshall Michael Dorian Maira O'Neill Tom Dillon Pam Arliss Noel Percival Tony Quinn Original Story by Fred Vincent Carroll Produced & Directed by LESLIE ARLISS

IF YOUR MOTHER COMES FROM IRELAND DON'T MISS THIS EXCELLENT SHOW

Also Latest "B.B.C. MUSICAL"

TO-MORROW

**WARNER BROS. HAPPY-GO-HUGGY MUSICAL!**

**MORGAN** **DOROTHY MALONE**

**One Technicolor! Sunday Afternoon**

RAOUL WALSH JERRY WALD

BOOKINGS NOW OPEN!

**ALHAMBRA** AIR FRESHENED

TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

**WALLACE BEERY** in M-G-M's tough and tumble comedy 110!

**ALIAS A GENTLEMAN**

TOM URAKE • DOROTHY PATRICK GLADYS GEORGE • LEON AMES A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER PICTURE

OPENS! "THE BRIBE" TO-MORROW with Robert Taylor - Ava Gardner

SHOWING **MAJESTIC** AIR-CONDITIONED At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

TO-DAY **MAJESTIC** AIR-CONDITIONED

**ACTION! ADVENTURE! THRILLS!**

Philip H. Krasne presents **THE CISCO KID** in **THE VALIANT HOMBRE**

Duncan Renaldo • Leo Carrillo as Cisco as Pancho Directed by Wallace Fox - Released thru United Artists

ADDED: Color Cartoon "BONE BANDIT"

COMMENCING FRIDAY

John WAYNE • Gail RUSSELL

"WAKE OF THE RED WITCH"

Return engagement by Public Request, for one day only!

At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

**ROXY** Perfectly Air-Conditioned

CAUSEWAY DAY 74, 74/25

**Quartet** A CAINEBROUGH PICTURE

W. SOMERSET MAUGHAM'S

**Murray Case: Cabbie Strike**

More Inquiries In Germany

Manila, Sept. 28.—Constabulary investigation of the Murray murder case, together with its international arms smuggling phase, will be intensified according to an announcement made today by Brigadier General Alberto Ramos, chief of the Constabulary.

The Brigadier yesterday held a closed-door conference with the chief Constabulary investigator, Colonel Macario Asistio, but no details of the meeting were divulged.—Reuter.

Wiesbaden, Sept. 28.—More than 120 German taxi-drivers, who went on strike in Wiesbaden because they were forced to charge too much, resumed work after arrangements had been made for a partial tax exemption for those carrying only Allied personnel.

The drivers called for a one-day strike as they claimed the fare increase imposed by the Allied authorities had severely cut the number of passengers.—Reuter.











# Compulsory Training For New Zealand

Wellington, Sept. 28. — New Zealand begins compulsory military training in 1950 under an unprecedented mandate from its people.

The 14-year-old Labour government of Prime Minister Peter Fraser jettisoned treasured socialist doctrine to seek a victorious referendum in August.

The two leading parties, adjoined partisan politics, despite the approach of a general election subsequently set for November 30, to present a united front against Communists and other minority objectors.

Opposition leader, Mr. S. G. Holland, endorsed compulsory military training as vital to the country's defence.

Observers believe the mandate strengthens New Zealand's position in any discussion of mutual aid pacts in the Pacific.

They say the decision to call up eighteen-year-olds, divorced as it is from partisan politics, is impressive proof of New Zealand's determination to co-operate not only in defence of the British Commonwealth, but

of democratic regimes in the Pacific.

The training programme, which Mr. Fraser repeatedly emphasised is not technically compulsory, is a modest one. Out of an estimated 13,000 eighteen-year-olds in the country's 1,750,000 population, the Government expects that 8,000 will be available for 14 weeks' training. They will be liable for week-end parades after being posted to territorial units and must attend a total of three camps of a fortnight's duration each. After every year, they will be posted to the reserves.

Training will be conducted in two sessions annually, spaced to suit those engaged in farming and seasonal industries and to minimise the effect on industry. The programme involves slightly more than one-half of one percent of the country's total labour force.

Other features of the programme, as stated by Mr. Fraser in the referendum campaign, include:

1. Absence of any Government manager or director.
2. Prohibition on use of the men in industrial disputes.
3. Compensation for men injured in training.
4. Complete ban on alcoholic beverages in the camps.
5. Provision of extensive cultural, recreational and religious facilities, with Sunday work reduced to a minimum. There will be Sunday church parades.

## ALMOST GROTESQUE

Mr. Fraser assured the scheme will recognise the particular needs of genuine conscientious objectors who apply for exemption on honest, sincere, Christian principles.

He also said the training "will be of the most modern description. All are agreed that the day of parade-ground drill mainly has gone, and that ceremonial drill is almost obsolete, in view of modern defence methods."

Observers point out that while New Zealand's small population prevents her from making any numerically great manpower contribution to any British Commonwealth or Pacific mutual defence plan, it is now better geared to move rapidly in an emergency.

Should an emergency arise, they expect prior acceptance of the principle of compulsory military training, relieves the nation's high command and parliament of a political issue. It also speeds mobilisation.

The programme materially bolsters present defence forces, which the Defence Minister, Mr. Walter Nash, says includes 2,058 Air Force personnel and 2,658 in the Navy on March 1, 1949, and 2,568 in the Army on April 30, 1949.

The country accepted compulsory training only after considerable soul-searching. Some of its socialist-minded Government leaders bitterly opposed participation in the first World War.

As the London Times pointed out, the idea of conscription in peacetime "has always been odious to the Labour Party of New Zealand as in Great Britain; but in both countries Labour governments have been induced to sacrifice a cherished doctrine by the need to cope with a threatening international situation."

The decision sharply contrasts with the attitude of Prime Minister Joseph B. Chifley's sister Labour government in Australia. It has steadily rejected recommendations of military leaders, including Field Marshal Lord Montagu.

Mr. Fraser said compulsory training was sought partly because both Canada and Australia demonstrated their inability to obtain adequate forces to volunteer enlistments.—United Press.

## Coming-Of-Age Cake



Cutting the coming-of-age cake at the British and American scholarship exchange scheme's 21st birthday party in London is David Carling. Looking on are Yvonne White, 21, and Mary Keen, 24. See: Eighteen boys—and a spare aunt.—(London Express Service).

## American Cyclists Thrown Into Underground Cells

Hamburg, Sept. 28.—Two young American cyclists who crossed into the Soviet Zone were held in underground punishment cells for 18 days because one of them broke a door in protest against "insufficient food," one of them said here tonight.

## EXPANSION OF BRITISH TELEVISION

London, Sept. 28.—Television will be brought to the homes of eight out of every 10 people in Britain within the next five years. This is the aim of Britain's five-year television programme, which was disclosed today by the Deputy Prime Minister, Mr. Herbert Morrison.

Britain's second station—at Birmingham—which is expected to bring broadcasting to a potential audience of 6,000,000 in the industrial Midlands before Christmas, will be "the most powerful of its kind in the world," Mr. Morrison said.

The next new station will be at Huddersfield, in the North; and will be completed during 1951.

As economic conditions permit, the service will be extended to Scotland, the Bristol Channel area—including the populous areas of South Wales—and other parts of England and Northern Ireland.

Mr. Morrison, who was opening the 10th National Radio Exhibition at London's big Olympia Arena, claimed that British wireless and radio was a "great national asset."

"This exhibition is of great importance to our export trade," he declared. "We have specialised in broadcasting and have made a good job of it. We have millions of satisfied customers and we know that we can satisfy millions more all over the world."—Reuter.

## Motor Show Opens

London, Sept. 28.—Visitors from almost every part of the world poured into London for Britain's great annual motor show which opened today.

Military equipment officers from New Zealand, Orange consulting officers from India, and motor industry representatives from Ceylon, Pakistan and Malaya were among the 3,500 who crowded into the show during its first hour.

Workmen, trying to catch up on the time lost by a three-day strike, were still hammering and sawing as the visitors arrived. It is expected that 200,000 people will go to see the 200 cars on show before the exhibition closes on October 8.

Only two of the British cars are now in design—a '75' Rover and a 10-hp. Triumph Mayflower.—Reuter.

## Anti-Atom Training

Frankfurt, Sept. 28.—A big anti-atom training programme is shortly to begin for the whole United States Army, an American Army officer disclosed here tonight.

As a forerunner of this programme, some American occupation troops in Germany had already been given unofficial instructions in individual defence against an atom bomb blast, he said.—Reuter.

## Negotiation Not Possible In Berlin

Berlin, Sept. 28.—The Western Allies told the Russians here today that they could not continue four-power negotiations with them in Berlin so long as the Russians failed to observe the agreements which have already been made.

The British, French and American Commandants addressed a letter to Major-General Alexander Kotikov, the Soviet Military Commandant of Berlin, today saying that they had been asked by the High Commissioner to discontinue negotiations on the "normalisation" of life in Berlin as recommended in the Paris agreement of June this year.

They said that there was no point in carrying on the talks since the Russians had failed to observe the railway agreement of July and had victimised large numbers of West sector strikers.

They pointed out that they had on many occasions written to the Soviet authorities protesting against the breach of agreement and had either received unsatisfactory answers or no answers at all.

## WEST MARK SUPPLEMENT

On one occasion, the letter stated, General Jean Ganeval, the French Commandant, had requested a meeting with General Kotikov and had been told that "General Kotikov is away on leave," yet on the same day Major-General Geoffrey Bourne, the British Commandant, succeeded in having a conversation with General Kotikov on a different subject.

The Commandants also instructed the West Berlin Magistrat (Assembly) to stop paying the 40 percent West Mark supplement to West Berlin railway workers after tomorrow.

On June 20 they undertook to pay for three months 40 percent of the salaries of these workers in West Marks as part of the agreement to end the six-week railway strike. This undertaking expires tomorrow.

Brigadier E.R. Benson, the British Deputy Commandant, said that the decision to end the four-power talks applied at the moment only to talks between the four Commandants on the normalisation of conditions in Berlin.

"Any four-power talks at other levels will not necessarily be affected," he stated.—Reuter.

## RESETTLING PALESTINE REFUGEES

Damascus, Sept. 28.—The United Nations Middle East Economic Survey Group, which is investigating possibilities of resettling Palestine Arab refugees in Arab countries, arrived at Damascus by air today.

There were no Syrian representatives at the Airport to greet the members of the Group. The Group was meeting the Syrian Foreign Minister for a preliminary talk and a second meeting with the Syrian authorities was scheduled for tomorrow.

Sir Desmond Morton, the British vice-chairman of the Group, told Reuter that he did not think that either Egypt or Lebanon would accept refugees and expected that most of the burden to be put on the shoulders of Syria, Jordan and Arab Palestine.

Mr. Gordon Clapp, the head of the Group, said that its duty was purely technical, adding that he felt there was fertile ground for co-operation in most of the governments he had met.—Reuter.

## Douglas In Germany

Frankfurt, Sept. 28.—Mr. Lewis Douglas, the United States Ambassador to Britain, arrived here by air tonight from Paris to spend one day's "personal" visit with the United States High Commissioner, Mr. John J. McCloy, his brother-in-law.

Mr. McCloy said that they expected to talk mostly about family affairs, but added that he would be interested "in getting first-hand information about the recent Washington meeting," which Mr. Douglas attended.

It was reported from Paris today that the European need for American capital investment is believed to have been the subject of a secret after-lunch talk there earlier today between Mr. Douglas, Mr. Averell Harriman, the Marshall Plan roving Ambassador, and Mr. Winthrop Aldrich, prominent American banker.—Reuter.

## POCKET CARTOON



S.E. ASIA HEALTH

## SINGAPORE TALKS CONCLUDED

New Delhi, Sept. 28.—A three-day meeting of the Regional Committee of the World Health Organisation for Southeast Asia concluded here today after reaching a number of decisions which were expected by the meeting to lead to greater co-operation in tackling common health problems.

The decisions included: adoption of steps for manufacturing within the region of essential medical supplies, like DDT, and penicillin; rendering of assistance by the regional organisation for strengthening anti-malaria training centres at New Delhi and Colombo; giving of first priority to the extension of BCG vaccination in the region, and an intense study of nutrition problems in Southeast Asian countries.

The Committee also decided to approach the economic Commission for Asia and the Far East for help in obtaining materials to provide hygienic housing in the area.

Earlier today, the Committee discussed the effects which devaluation by the sterling area countries would have on contributions to the World Health Organisation by member countries of the region.—Reuter.



STAR Phone 56335

17 Hankow Road, Kowloon. SEPTEMBER 29 2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.



SEPT. 30—OCT. 1 "MANILA CALLING" with Lloyd Nolan and Carol Landis



CHINESE OPTICAL CO. 57 Queen's Road, C. Tel. 3344

## ORIENTAL AIR CONDITIONED

Take Any Eastern Tram Car or Happy Valley Bus Final Showing To-day: 2.30—5.20—7.30 & 9.30 p.m. The Best Technicolor Musical-Comedy Ever. Produced for the Screen! Girls! Romance! Laughs!



COMMENCING TO-MORROW: DOUBLE ATTRACTIONS (1) "MY BROTHER JONATHAN" (2) "THE STORY OF BIRTH"

## BROADWAY AIR CONDITIONED

To-day & To-morrow Only 4 SHOWS DAILY: 2.00, 4.30, 7.00 & 9.30 p.m.



## FOREVER AMBER



SHOWING SATURDAY

## APARTMENT for Peggy

20 TECHNICAL

## COMMENCING TO-MORROW at the ROXY



BOOKINGS NOW OPEN!

## PRESS PHOTOGRAPHS

Copies of photographs taken by the South China Morning Post and Hong Kong Telegraph Staff Photographers are on view in the Morning Post Building.

ORDERS BOOKED.

HONGKONG TELEGRAPH 1-3 Wyndham Street, Hongkong Published daily (afternoon). Price, 20 cents per edition. Subscription: \$2.50 per month. Foreign: China and Malaya, \$2.50 per month; UK, British Possessions and other countries, \$4.50 per month. News contributions, always welcome, should be addressed to the Editor, business communications and advertisements to the General Manager. Telephones: 26015, 26016, 26017

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

20 WORDS \$3.00 for 1 DAY PREPAID

ADDITIONAL INSERTIONS \$1.50 PER DAY. 10 cents PER WORD OVER 20. Births, Deaths, Marriage, Personal \$5.00 per insertion not exceeding 25 words. 25 cents each additional word.

## ALTERNATE INSERTIONS

IF NOT PREPAID A BOOKING FEE OF 50 CENTS IS CHARGED

Names and addresses should accompany advertisements, not necessarily for publication, but to ensure that replies are received by the person for whom they are intended.

We will forward replies to the stated address if the advertiser desires.

All advertisers purporting to loan money must publish their names and addresses in the advertisements. If the wants of advertisers are quickly met and they do not desire any further replies forwarded, we shall be glad to effect when a suitable acknowledgment will be inserted free of charge.

## DEATHS

JOANILIO—Mrs. Irene Flomena Liborio, widow of the late Liborio Joaquin, died at St. Francis Hospital on September 28, 1949. Burial will take place today, cortege passing the Monument at 3 p.m.

## TUITION GIVEN

ADVANCE Cantonese classes will be held on Tuesdays commencing mid-October. All interested please apply to the Secretary, Y.W.C.A., 11, Duddell Street, Tel. 23003.

CLASSES in Chinese cookery will be held at the Y.W.C.A., 11, Duddell Street, commencing mid-October. All interested please register with the Secretary, Tel. 23003.

REDFLESH'S Classes in Cantonese will be held on Tuesdays and Fridays at the Y.W.C.A., 11, Duddell Street, commencing Tuesday 11th October.

## FOR SALE

YE OLDE MILL. A distinctive hand-made stationery, in boxes of 25 sheets, 12 envelopes, \$2.50 per box from South China Morning Post.

WEIGHTS AND MEASUREMENTS of Cargo, exported from Hongkong and South China, compiled by the Sworn Measurers, 111 from the South China Morning Post.

H.K. Government Import and Export Licence Forms, 10 cents each, obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

ON SALE "Food and Flowers" by Dr. G. A. C. Herklotz. Over thirty illustrations of local food and flowers, 25 sheets, 12 envelopes, \$2.50 per box, obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

ATMATIC Writing Pad, 20 Scribbles, 100 words, 10 cents and 20 cents. "S. C. M. Post."

OFFICE STATIONERY, Letter Heads, Memorandum Forms, Visiting Cards, Envelopes, etc. Orders taken. "S. C. M. Post."

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

MAY BE BOOKED AT THE EVERGREEN STORE CORNER OF NATHAN AND JORDAN ROADS, KOWLOON.

CASSETTE FIVE STATIONERY. Three pleasing shades in boxes of 25 envelopes and 25 sheets, 12 envelopes, \$2.50 per box, obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

ON SALE "Vegetable Cultivator in Hongkong" by Dr. G. A. C. Herklotz. Over 200 pages, 25 drawings, 12 envelopes, \$2.50 per box, obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

WILL FORMS, Power of Attorney, Form, Tenancy Agreement, Form on sale at "S. C. M. Post, Ltd."

THE "POST" Typewrite Map, Unmounted, Mounted \$5. "S. C. M. Post, Ltd."

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE 1932 Annual Return Form, now on sale at "S. C. M. Post, Ltd."

THOSE MAGAZINES you wish to keep will look better and last longer neatly bound. We specialise in bookbinding. "S. C. M. Post, Ltd."

Printed and published by WILLIAM ALLEN, General Manager, on behalf of South China Morning Post Limited at 1-3 Wyndham Street, City of Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong.

## Malan Makes Protest

Paarl, Cape Province, Sept. 28.—South Africa has protested to Britain against the marriage of 24-year-old Ruth Williams, a former London typist, to former Seretse Khama, the young chief of the Bamangwato of Bechuanaland, the Prime Minister, Dr. Daniel Malan, announced here today.

Dr. Malan told a Nationalist Party Congress that the marriage must have a psychological effect not only on his own people but on natives throughout the African continent.

He said that Southern Rhodesia had taken similar action, but that neither Government could more than protest because Bechuanaland was a British Protectorate.

Dr. Malan added that South Africa was waiting for the report of the British Commission on the status of Seretse's white wife.—Reuter.

## Anti-Atom Training

Frankfurt, Sept. 28.—A big anti-atom training programme is shortly to begin for the whole United States Army, an American Army officer disclosed here tonight.

As a forerunner of this programme, some American occupation troops in Germany had already been given unofficial instructions in individual defence against an atom bomb blast, he said.—Reuter.

## Border Shooting Reported

London, Sept. 28.—Yugoslav police and frontier guards killed or wounded most of a large group of Slovenes who tried to cross secretly into Italy, Rome Radio said today.

The Radio quoted two survivors who, it said, had succeeded in reaching Italian territory.—Reuter.

## Border Shooting Reported

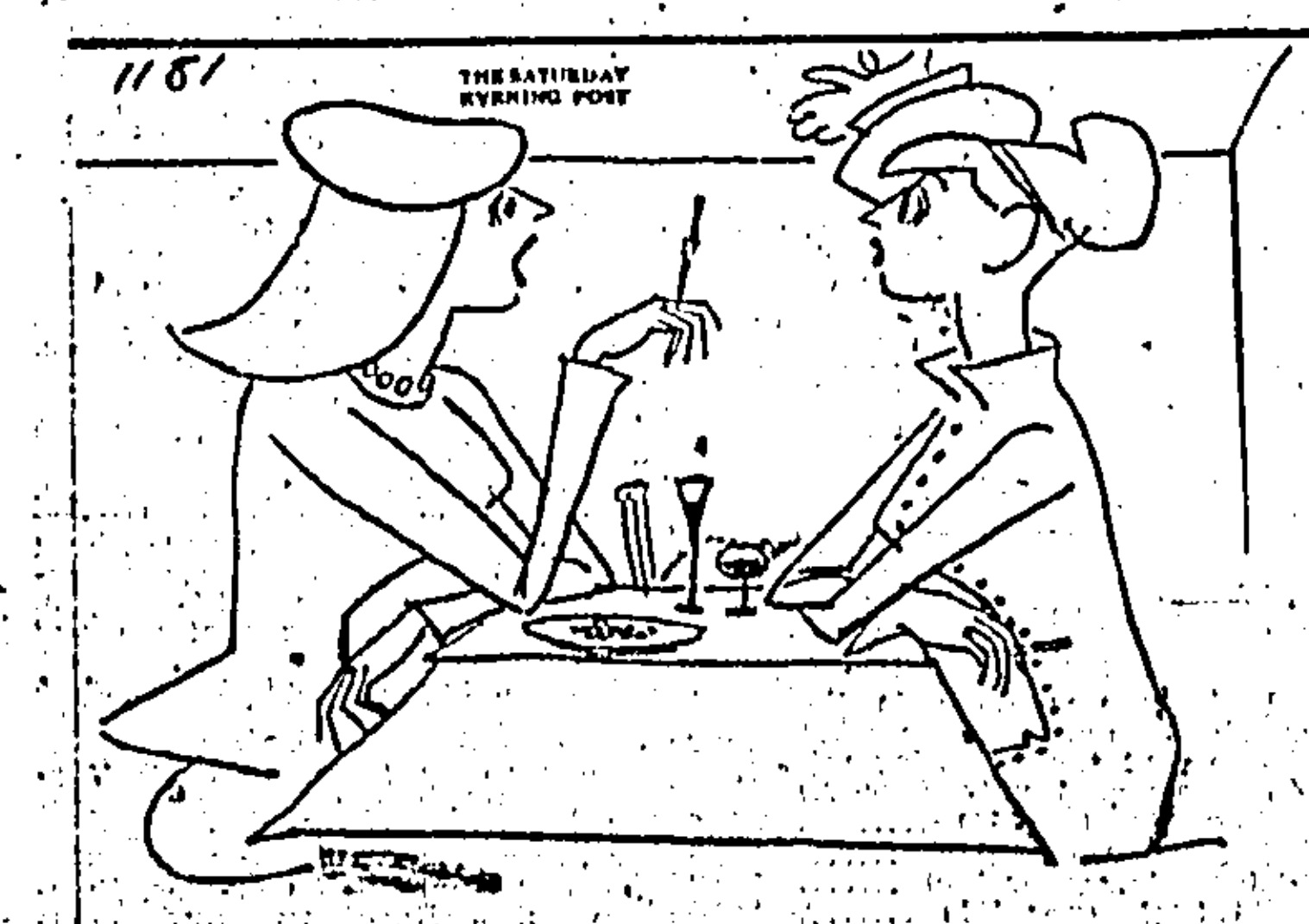
London, Sept. 28.—Yugoslav police and frontier guards killed or wounded most of a large group of Slovenes who tried to cross secretly into Italy, Rome Radio said today.

The Radio quoted two survivors who, it said, had succeeded in reaching Italian territory.—Reuter.

## Border Shooting Reported

London, Sept. 28.—Yugoslav police and frontier guards killed or wounded most of a large group of Slovenes who tried to cross secretly into Italy, Rome Radio said today.

The Radio quoted two survivors who, it said, had succeeded in reaching Italian territory.—Reuter.



"The only thing that kept us from getting married was my foolish pride. I wanted him to propose to me."